STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, BIHAR

Scheme of Teaching and Examination for

Vth Semester Diploma in Computer Science & Engineering

(Effective from Session 2020-2021 Batch)

THEORY

			TEACHING SCHEME	EXAMINATION SCHEME							
Sl. No	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	Periods per Week	Hours of Exam	Teacher's Assessment (TA) Marks (A)	Class Test (CT) Marks (B)	End Semester Exam. (ESE Marks (C)	Total Marks (A+B+C)	Pass Marks ESE	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
1.	Mobile Computing	2018501	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
2.	Computer Hardware & Networking	2018502	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
3.	Elective-I	2018503- A/B/C	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
4.	Elective-II	2018504- A/B	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
5.	Open Elective / COE		02	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	02
	Total		14				350	500			14
	Elective-I			A) OOP	through Java	B) OOP t	hrough C++	C) .N	NET with	'C#'	
	Elective- II			A) System Administration B) Multimedia Technology							
(Open Elective /	COE	Pro	Project Management (2018505A) Environmental Science					ience (201	8505B)	
Ar	Artificial Intelligence (Basics) (2000505)			Internet of Things (Basics) (2000505C) Drone Technology (Basics)				sics) (200	0505D)		
3D Printing & Design (Basics) (2000505E)				trial Automation Electric Vehicles (Basics) Robotics (Basics) (2005055) (2000505G) PRACTICAL				00505H)			

PRACTICAL

8.	System Administration Lab (201850) Internet of Things Lab (Basics) 20003 Industrial Automation Lab (Basics) (2000508F) Total	508 C)	50% Physical 50% Virtual Multimedia Techr Drone Technology Late ectric Vehicles Lab (Ba (2000508G)) 10	(Basics) (2000		3D Printin		(Basics) (200050) Lab (Basics) (200	
	System Administration Lab (201850 Internet of Things Lab (Basics) 20003 Industrial Automation Lab	508 C)	Multimedia Techr Drone Technology Latectric Vehicles Lab (Ba	nology Lab. (2000) (Basics) (2000))18508 B))508D) Robotics Lab	Artificial Intel 3D Printin (Basics)	lligence Lab	(Basics) (200050	8 B)
	System Administration Lab (201850	,	50% Virtual Multimedia Techr	nology Lab. (20)18508 B)	Artificial Inte	lligence Lab	(Basics) (200050	8 B)
		8 A)	50% Virtual						
8.	Elective Lab - II / COE Lab		•	03	20	30	50	20	02
			04						
7.	Elective- I (LAB)	2018507 A/B/C	50% Physical	03	07	18	25	10	02
6.	Computer Hardware & Networking (LAB)	201850	02 50% Physical 50% Virtual	03	07	18	25	10	01
Sl. No	SUBJECTS	SUBJE0 CODI	-	Hours of Exam	Practic Internal (PA)	External (ESE)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
		CLIDIE	TEACHING SCHEME			Examination	Scheme		

TERM WORK

			I INITIAL AAR	<u> </u>				
Sl. No	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHING SCHEME	EXAMINATION SCHEME				
			Periods per Week	Marks of Internal Examiner (PA)	Marks of External Examiner (ESE)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
9.	Summer Internship (6 weeks) after IV semester	2018509	04 weeks	15	35	50	20	02
10.	Minor Project	2018510	04	15	35	50	20	02
11.	Course Under COE / Moocs /NPTEL / Others	2000511 / 2018511	02	20	30	50	20	01
	Total	06			150		05	
Total Periods per week of each of duration One Hour 30 Total Marks 750								

MOBILE COMPUTING

	Theory			No. of period in or	Credits		
SUBJECT	No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
2018501	03	-	-	T. A	:	20	03
2010501				C.T	:	10	

Course Learning Objective:

To impart fundamental concepts in the area of mobile computing, to provide a computer systems perspective on the converging areas of wireless networking, embedded systems, and software, and to introduce selected topics of current research interest in the field.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Please Use Bloom's Taxonomy as possible: - {Remember, Understand, Apply, Analyse, Evaluate, Create}

1. Will be able to develop and deploy basic mobile applications.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	A brief history of Mobile, Types of mobile phone generations. The Mobile Ecosystem, Types of Mobile. Mobile Information Architecture, Android Versions, Features of Android, Android Architecture. Installing Android SDK Tools, Configuring Android in Eclipse IDE. "Android Development Tools (ADT), Creating Android Virtual Devices (AVD)".	[8]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Creating first android application. " Anatomy of android application, Deploying Android app on USB connected Android device." Android application components, Activity life cycle. Understanding activities, Exploring Intent objects, Intent Types, Linking activities using intents.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Fragments life cycle, Interaction between fragments. "Understanding the components of a screen (Layouts), Adapting to display orientation." Action Bar, Views (UI Widgets)-Button, Toast, Toggle Button, Check Box, Radio Button, Spinner, Web View, Edit Text, Date Picker, Time Picker, List View, Progress Bar. Analog and Digital clock, Handling UI events, List fragment, Dialog fragment.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Menus-Option, Context, Popup, Images-Image View, Image Switcher. Alert Dialog, Alarm manager. SMS, E-mail, Media Player, using camera, recording video, Handling Telephony Manager.	[6]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	"Storing the data persistently-Data Storage Options: preferences, Internal Storage, External Storage, Content Provider." The SQLite database, Connecting with SQLite database and operations-Insert, Delete, Update, Fetch. Publishing android applications, Deploying APK files.	[10]

Reference Books:

- 1. Wei-Meng Lee, Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Wiley Publishing, Inc.
- 2. Pradeep Kothari, "Android Application Development Black Book", DreamTech Press
- 3. James C.Sheusi, "Android Application Development for Java Programmers", Cengage Learning
- 4. Mark L Murphy, "Beginning Android", Wiley India Pvt Ltd
- 5. Sayed Y Hashimi and Satya Komatineni(2009), "Pro Android", Wiley India Pvt Ltd
- 6. Reto Meier, Professional Android 4 Application Development, Wiley India Pvt Ltd

COMPUTER HARDWARE & NETWORKING

a	Theory			No. of period in or	Credits		
SUBJECT	No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
2018502	03	-	-	T. A	:	10	03
2010502				C.T	:	20	

Course Learning Objective:

This course will allow students to develop background knowledge as well as core expertise in computer hardware and networking, which is one of the fastest growing technologies in our culture today. It forms an integral part of the modern Information Technology. Starting from Intranet in small offices to the global Internet, principles of data communication and networking play an important role.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to know:

- Evolution of computer hardware and networking up to the internet
- Principles of computer hardware, channel characteristics, signaling, modulation and encoding
- Various transmission media, their comparative study, fiber optics and wireless communication in details
- Categories and topologies of networks
- OSI model vis-à-vis TCP/IP architecture
- Multiplexing, channel error detection and correction, data link protocols
- Ethernet and token ring, X.25 ATM, BISDN
- Details of IP operations in the INTERNET and associated routing principles
- Operation of optical networks, satellite networks and wireless mobile systems
- Strategies for securing network application using cryptography
- Emerging technologies such as SONET, FDDI, mobile telephony etc.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT-01</u>	PC Components and System Board.: - Hardware used for I/P, O/P & inside computer case, system board components used for communication among devices, Software - 3 types of Software, ROM BIOS, OS, application software, Functions of BIOS, The boot process, POST and important beep codes, Know about different connectors, Types of system boards, The CPU & the chipset – CPU form factor, CPU slots and sockets, Different types of RAM, Buses – ISA, MCA, EISA, USB, Firewire, AGP,PCI, Setting the CPU & Bus speeds, CMOS setup and data protection.	[08]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Managing Storage devices:- Know about Semiconductor Memories – RAM, ROM on System Board, Main Memory – SIMMs, DIMMs, Other RAM Technologies, Hard drives – hard drive technology – IDE, EIDE, SCSI, SATA, Hard drive partitions, Trouble-shooting hard drives & data recovery, Optimizing Hard drive – disk clean-up, disk fragmentation. Disk backup.	[06]

<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Troubleshooting Fundamentals: - Troubleshooting tools — Bootable rescue disk, diagnostic software, virus detection software, Anti-Static tools, Trouble-shooting guidelines — Power system, system board, OS &hard drive, Optical drives, keyboard, Monitor and printer problems, Surge protection & battery backup, Stand by UPS, Inline UPS, Line-interactive UPS, and intelligent UPS.	[06]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Introduction to Networks and LAN components.: - Understand the Overview of Networking, State the Need for Networking, Classification of Networks –LAN,MAN,WAN, List the Hardware and Software Components, Various Network Communication Standards, OSI Reference Model, TCP/IP Reference Model, Know about LAN Cables and Connectors, wireless network adapter, Know about Coaxial Cables, Twisted-Pair Cables, Optical Fiber Cables, and Connectors, Explain LAN Devices, Repeaters, Hubs, Switches, Network Interface Cards (NICs), Routers, Modem, Overview of Network Topologies.	[12]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Network Addressing and Management:- Introduction to Network Addressing, Components of IP Address, IP Address Classes, IP Subnetting, Classify the two types of Internet Protocol addressing IPv4 and IPv6 and state the need for IPv6, explain classful addressing and classless addressing in IPv4, State the need for protocols in computer networks, Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Telnet.	[10]

Books Recommended

Text Books

- 1. Data Communication and Networking, First Edition, 1999- B. Forouzan Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Data and Communication, Sixth Edition, 2002- W. Stallings Prentice Hall of India
- 3. Wireless and Mobile Network Architecture, 2001- Lin and Chlatmtac John Wile and Sons, India

Reference Books

- 1. Computer Networks, Fourth Edition, 2002 A.S. Tanenbaum Pearson Education
- 2. Communication Networks, First Edition, 2000- A. Leon-Gracia and I Widjaja Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. An Engineering Approach to Computer S. Keshav Addison Wesley
- Understanding Data Communication and William A. Shay Brook Cole Publishing Company
 Networks, Second Edition, 1999
- 5. Local Area Networks, 1997 C.E. Keiser Tata McGraw Hill

Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018503A

Theory			No. of period in or	Credits		
No.	of Period	ls per Week	Full Marks:	:	100	
L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	0.2
03	-	-	T. A	:	10	03
			C.T	:	20	

Course Learning Objective:

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills required to solve the real-world problems using object- oriented approach utilizing Java language constructs. This course covers the subject in two parts, viz, Java Language and Java Library.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course students is expected to understand the following:

- Java tokens for creating expressions and creating datatypes.
- The way various expression and data types are assembled in packages.
- Implementation of Inheritance, Exception handling and Multithreading in Java.
- Java I/O basics and Applets.
- Network Programming in Java.
- Accessing relational databases from Java Programs.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT-01</u>	Principles of Object-Oriented Programming with Introduction to JAVA: The Traditional approach, drawback of procedure-oriented languages, the three basic constructs of OOPS including abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism, comparison of various object-oriented languages, Need of java, The creation of java, Basic differences of java and C++, byte code, difference between JDK, JRE, JVM, java applets and applications, java buzzword, three basic constructs of oops applicable to java.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Data types, variables, and Arrays: Classification of various data types used in JAVA (including Integer, float, characters, Boolean), closer look at the literals used in java, defining and initialization of variables, type conversion and casting, automatic type promotions in expressions, arrays (one dimensional and multidimensional).	[6]
<u>UNIT - 03</u>	Operators and control statement: Arithmetic operators, bitwise operators, relational operators, Boolean logical operators, assignment operator? Operator, operator precedence, java's selection statement (if, switch statement), iteration statement (while, do-while, for, nested loops) Jump statement (break, continue).	[6]

<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Classes and Methods.: Class fundamentals, declaring objects, assigning object to reference variables, constructors (default and parameterized), this keyword, garbage collection, finalize keyword, method introduction and returning a value from a method, overloading method, overloading constructor, object as parameter, returning objects, recursion, understanding static keyword, final keyword, introduction to inner and nested classes, exploring String class, using command line argument.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Inheritance and package introduction and Exception Handling: Inheritance basic, use of super, method overriding, abstract class, Object class, defining a package, access protection, importing a package, introduction to interface, defining a interface, applying a interface, variables in interface, extension of interface, fundamentals of Exception handling, types of exception, use of try and catch, nested try block, throw, throws, finally keywords, java's built in exception, creating your own exception.	[6]
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Multithreaded Programming and I/O: The java thread model, thread priorities, synchronization, creating a thread, creating multiple thread, using is Alive() and join(), Synchronization in multiple thread, I/O basics, streams(byte and character), reading and writing console input and output, Reading and writing files.	[5]
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	<u>Database connectivity using JDBC driver Interface</u> : JDBC – JDVC Architecture – classes interfaces and drivers related to JDBC – connectivity to database using JDBC.	[3]

Books Recommended: -

Text Books: -

1.	The Complete Reference - Java2, Fourth Edition, 2001	H. Schildt, Tata McGraw Hill
2.	Java: How to Program Java 2, Second Edition, 2001	Dietal and Dietel, Pearson Education

Reference Books: -

	1.	Java Examples in a Nutshell, Third Edition, 2001	D. Hanagan 'O' Reilly
	2.	A Programmers Guide to Java Certification, First Edition, 1999	K. Mughal and R.W. Rasmuessen Pearson Education Comprehensive Primer Publication
٠	3.	Java Foundation Classes	M.T. Nelson, Tata McGraw Hill

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH C++

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018503B

	The	ory	No. of period in o	Credits			
No.	of Period	ls per Week	Full Marks:	:	100		
L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	02	
03	-	-	T. A	:	10	03	
			C.T	:	20		

Course Learning Objective

The learning objectives of this course are:

- To understand how C++ improves C with object-oriented features.
- To learn how to write inline functions for efficiency and performance.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C++ programming language.
- To learn how to design C++ classes for code reuse.
- To learn how to implement copy constructors and class member functions.
- To understand the concept of data abstraction and encapsulation.
- To learn how to overload functions and operators in C++.
- To learn how containment and inheritance promote code reuse in C++.
- To learn how inheritance and virtual functions implement dynamic binding with polymorphism.
- To learn how to design and implement generic classes with C++ templates.
- To learn how to use exception handling in C++ programs.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Principles of Object Oriented Programming: - Procedure Oriented Programming (POP) Verses Object Oriented Programming (OOP). Basic Concepts of Object-Oriented Programming, Object Oriented languages, Applications of OOP. C verses C++, Structure of C++ Program, Simple C++ Program. Tokens, Keywords, Variables, Constants, Basic Data Types, User Defined Data Types, Type Casting, Operators, Expressions. Control Structures: Decision making statements & Loops. Scope resolution Operator, Memory Management Operators. Arrays, Strings & Structures in C++.	[08]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Classes and Objects: Class & Object: Introduction, specifying a Class, Access Specifier Class, Defining Member Function, Creating Objects, Memory allocation for Objects. Static data members, Static Member Functions, Friend Function. Array of Objects, Object as function Arguments. Concepts of constructors, Type of constructors Multiple constructors in a class, Constructors with Default Arguments. Destructors.	[10]
<u>UNIT - 03</u>	Extending Classes using Inheritance: - Introduction to Inheritance, Defying a derived class, Visibility Modes and Effects. Types of Inheritance: Single, Multilevel, Multiple, Hierarchical, Hybrid. Virtual Base Class, Abstract Class, Constructors in Derived Class.	[08]

<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Pointers and Polymorphism in C++: Concepts of Pointer: Pointer Declaration, Pointer Operator, Address Operator, Pointer Arithmetic. Pointer to Objects: Pointer to Object, this pointer, Pointer to derived class. Introduction to Polymorphism: Function Overloading, Operator overloading, Overloading of Unary & Binary Operator, Rules for Operator Overloading. Run time Polymorphism: Virtual functions, Rules for virtual function, Pure virtual functions.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	File Operations: - C++ stream Classes, Classes for File stream operations, Opening files, Closing Files, reading from and writing to files. Detection of End of file, File Modes.	[6]

Books Recommended:

Text Books

- 1. C++ Primer, Third Edition, 1998 Stanley B. Lippman, Addison-Wesely
- 2. Problem Solving with C++, Second Edition, 1999 W. Savitch Pearson Education
- 3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, 1999 E. Balagurusamy Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Object Oriented Programming with C++, 1999 Nabajyoti Barkakati PHI
- 5. Object Oriented Programming in C++, Fourth Edition, 2001 R. Lafore Techmedia
- 6. The Elements of C++ Programming, Third Edition, 2000 B. Stroustrup Addison Wesely
- 7. Mastering C++, First Edition, 1997 K.V. Venugopal, R. Kumar and T. Tavishankar, Tata McGraw Hill

NET WITH 'C#'

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018503C

	The	ory	No. of period in or	Credits		
No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
L	T	T P/S ESE :		70	0.2	
03	-	-	T. A	:	10	03
			C.T	:	20	

Course Learning Objective:

On completion of the study of the subject the student should be able to comprehend the following

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Basics of .NET Framework: - Introduction to .NET Framework, Features of .net, Common Language Runtime, Framework Class Library, Name space, common type system, common language specification, execution process of .net program, JIT, MSIL, assembly, Garbage Collection, Advantages of .net over C, C++, Java. Understanding Visual Studio IDE. Know about the help system, applications of .net.	[08]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	<u>C# fundamentals:</u> - Introduction to C#, Features, Advantages, data types, value type, reference type, variables, constants, operators, data type conversions, Classes & Objects, interface, Arrays & Collections, oops features, conditional statements, iterative statements, exception handling, writing C# console program, debugging and executing program.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Window Applications: - Steps for creating a window application, working with various controls- text box, label, button, check box, radio button, combo box, list box, data grid, common dialog controls, creating and working with menus, distributing the windows application, database connecting, fundamentals of graphics and Graphic controls, simple designing and coding.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	ADO .NET: - Overview of ADO.NET model, Data objects: Connection Object, Command Object, Data Readers, Data Sets & Data Adapters, working with MS-Acess and Oracle Database. Features and Advantages of ADO.NET	[07]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Web Applications: - Steps for creating a web application, working with various controls- text box, label, button, check box, radio button, drop down list, list box, data grid, hyperlink, images, panel, hidden field, data validation controls, passing data between two web forms, deploying and distributing a web application.	[08]

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Programming in C#: A Primer||, Balaguruswamy, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. C# A Beginner's Guide, Herbert Schildt, McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Learning C# Jesse Liberty and Brian MacDonald, O'Reilly
- 4. Pro C# and the .NET Framework|, Andrew Troelsen, Apress

SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION

		The	ory	No. of period in or	ne sessi	ion: 42	Credits
SUBJECT	No.	of Period	ls per Week	Full Marks:	:	100	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
2018504A	03	-	-	T. A	:	20	03
201000111				C.T	:	10	

Course Learning Objective:

On completion of the study of the subject the student should be able to comprehend the following.

The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of Windows Server OS.

Learning Outcomes:

After the completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge about System Administration or Windows Administration.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Introduction to system administration: Introduction, System Administration, History of System Administration, System Administrator Roles, History of Windows and Unix/Linux, Hard drives (types/partitioning), Networking (TCP/IP, DNS, DHCP, Domain, NetBEUI), System Security (firewalls, anti-virus software, passwords).	[10]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Windows-2008 server environment: Need for Windows 2008, Comparison between NT and windows 2008, Server Components, Hardware requirements, Optional services	[08]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Windows-2008 server administration: Installation & Configuration of Windows 2008 Server, User group Management, Disk Management, Active Directory, Distributed File system, Remote Terminal Services, Networking with Windows 2008 Server, Domain Name system (DNS), DHCP, Installation of IIS, VPN, Restoring, Domain Security.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Introduction to LINUX: Installation of LINUX, Desktop Environment, Linux editors and commands, filtering techniques.	[07]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	LINUX Administration: Managing users and groups, managing printers, configuring DHCP, DNS, Network services, Firewalls, Security, backup	[07]

Reference Books

- 1. Teach Yourself MCS TCP/IPI, James F. Causey, Techmedia
- 2. Introduction to UNIX and LINUX —, John Muster, TMH Pubs
- 3. Linux Administration: a Beginner's Guide", Wale Soyinka, McGraw Hill.

MULTIMEDIA TECHNOLOGY

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018504B

Theory			No. of period in or	Credits		
No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
03	-	-	T. A	:	20	03
			C.T	:	10	

Course Learning Objective:

- To identify a range of concepts, techniques and tools for creating and editing the interactive multimedia applications.
- To identify the current and future issues related to multimedia technology.
- To identify both theoretical and practical aspects in designing multimedia systems surrounding the emergence of multimedia technologies using contemporary hardware and software technologies.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Introduction to multimedia. concepts of animation and simulation. various applications of multimedia in education, research and development, business and games, training, entertainment.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM AND ITS APPLICATIONS:- Sound and Video cards. compression techniques. Memory & Storage devices. Input devices, Output hardware, Communication device. Introduction of Multimedia authoring tools & its types.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	MULTIMEDIA SOFTWARE:- Features of any one of authoring tools such as Macro-media/ Adobe Photoshop/3-D studio/ Paint-Shop Pro/ Animator Pro/ Director and Harvard graphics.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUAL REALITY:- Basic Concepts of virtual reality.	[6]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	MULTIMEDIA SYSTEM AND ITS APPLICATIONS: - Music & Sound: Audio basic concepts, Analog and Digital concepts, MIDI hardware, MIDI file. Sound- editing process. Audio file format, MIDI versus digital. Audio, Video: Basic concepts, Analog Video & Digital Video, Video capture & editing, Video file format. Text & Images: Introduction, file format.	[12]

Reference Book:

- 1. Tay Vaughan, "Multimedia making it work", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. Rajneesh Aggarwal & B. B Tiwari, "Multimedia Systems", Excel Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Multimedia -Villam Casanove and Molina Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Multimedia Systems, Addison Wesley Sleinritz

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018505A

	The	ory	No. of period in or	Credits		
No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
02	-	-	T. A	:	20	02
			C.T	:	10	

Course Learning Objective:

- To develop the idea of project plan, from defining and confirming the project goals and objectives, identifying tasks and how goals will be achieved.
- To develop an understanding of key project management skills and strategies.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Concept of a project: Classification of projects- importance of project management- The project life cycle-establishing project priorities (scope-cost-time) project priority matrix- work break down structure.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	<u>Capital budgeting process:</u> Planning-Analysis-Selection-Financing-Implementation-Review. Generation and screening of project ideas - market and demand analysis - Demand forecasting techniques. Market planning and marketing research process- Technical analysis.	[8]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Financial estimates and projections: Cost of projects-means of financing-estimates of sales and production-cost of production-working capital requirement and its financing-profitability projected cash flow statement and balance sheet. Break even analysis.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Basic techniques in capital budgeting: Non discounting and discounting methods- payback period- Accounting rate of returnnet present value-Benefit cost ratio-internal rate of return. Project risk. Social cost benefit analysis and economic rate of return. Non-financial justification of projects.	[12]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Project administration: progress payments, expenditure planning, project scheduling and network planning, use of Critical Path Method (CPM), schedule of payments and physical progress, time-cost trade off. Concepts and uses of PERT cost as a function of time, Project Evaluation and Review Techniques/cost mechanisms. Determination of least cost duration. Post project evaluation. Introduction to various Project management software.	[12]

Reference Books:

- 1. Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review Prasannachandra Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Project Management the Managerial Process Clifford F. Gray & Erik W. Larson McGraw Hill
- 3. Project management David I Cleland Mcgraw Hill International Edition, 1999
- 4. Project Management Gopala krishnan Mcmillan India Ltd.
- 5. Project Management-Harry-Maylor-Peason Publication

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

SUBJECT
CODE:
2018505B

Theory			No. of period in o	Credits		
No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	100	
L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
02	-	-	T. A	:	20	02
			C.T	:	10	

Course Learning Objective

- Technicians working in industries or elsewhere essentially require the knowledge of environmental science so as to enable them to work and produce most efficient, economical and eco-friendly finished products.
- Solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem to produce eco friendly products.
- Use relevant air and noise control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- Use relevant water and soil control method to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- To recognize relevant energy sources required for domestic and industrial applications.
- Solve local solid and e-waste problems.

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs.
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Ecosystem Structure of ecosystem, Biotic & Abiotic components Food chain and food web Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) and terrestrial ecosystem Carbon, Nitrogen, Sulphur, Phosphorus cycle. Global warming -Causes, effects, process, Green House Effect, Ozone depletion.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Air and, Noise Pollution Air Pollutants: Types, Particulate Pollutants: Effects and control (Bag filter, Cyclone separator, Electrostatic Precipitator) Gaseous Pollution Control: Absorber, Catalytic Converter, Effects of air pollution due to Refrigerants, I.C., Boiler Noise pollution: sources of pollution, measurement of pollution level, Effects of Noise pollution, Noise pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000.	[10]
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Water and Soil Pollution Sources of water pollution, Types of water pollutants, Characteristics of water pollutants Turbidity, pH, total suspended solids, total solids BOD and COD: Definition, calculation Waste Water Treatment: Primary methods: sedimentation, froth floatation, Secondary methods: Activated sludge treatment, Trickling filter, Bioreactor, Tertiary Method: Membrane separation technology, RO (reverse osmosis). Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution: Causes-Excessive use of Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides, Irrigation, E-Waste.	[10]

<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Renewable sources of Energy Solar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. Flat plate collector (Liquid & Air). Theory of flat plate collector. Importance of coating. Advanced collector. Solar pond. Solar water heater, solar dryer. Solar stills. Biomass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of biomass as fuel. Anaerobic digestion. Biogas production mechanism. Utilization and storage of biogas. Wind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in India. Environmental benefits and problem of wind energy. New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of (Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion.) Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy	[08]
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Solid Waste Management, ISO 14000 & Environmental Management Solid waste generation- Sources and characteristics of: Municipal solid waste, E- waste, biomedical waste. Metallic wastes and Non-Metallic wastes (lubricants, plastics, rubber) from industries. Collection and disposal: MSW (3R, principles, energy recovery, sanitary landfill), Hazardous waste Air quality act 2004, air pollution control act 1981 and water pollution and control act1996. Structure and role of Central and state pollution control board. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in fabrication industry. ISO14000: Implementation in industries, Benefits.	[12]

References:

- (a) Suggested Learning Resources: Books:
- 1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. C.N. R. Rao, Understanding Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
- 3. Arceivala, Soli Asolekar, Shyam, Waste Water Treatment for Pollution Control and
- 4. Reuse, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., New York, 2007, ISBN:978-07-062099-
- 5. Nazaroff, William, Cohen, Lisa, Environmental Engineering Science, Willy, New York, 2000, ISBN 10: 0471144940.
- 6. O.P. Gupta, Elements of Environmental Pollution Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 7. Rao, C. S., Environmental Pollution Control and Engineering, New Age International Publication, 2007, ISBN: 81-224-1835-X.
- 8. Rao, M. N.Rao, H.V.N, Air Pollution, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication, New delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0-07-451871-8

A) Course Code : 2000505B / 2000508B /2000511B

B) Course Title : Artificial Intelligence (Basics)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s)

D) Rationale :

Artificial intelligence is the theory and development of computer systems able to perform tasks such as, visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making etc. normally requiring human intelligence. Data analytics gives the basis of developing any artificial intelligence system.

The Python programming language is one of the most accessible programming languages, has several modules to write programs to solve Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Analysis problems. Moreover, it has simplified syntax and versatile data structures and functions to speed up the code writing efficiently.

This course provides the basics for Artificial Intelligence problem solving techniques, data analytics and articulates the different dimensions of these areas. This course also provides the students the foundations for data analytics with python. The course explains data science techniques and the various Python programming packages required to prepare data for analysis, perform data analytics and create meaningful data visualization.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Elaborate the use of Artificial Intelligence for the problem solving as Technological driver.
- **CO-2** Write Python Programmes for solving problems.
- **CO-3** Analyze given data by using NumPy package of Python.
- **CO-4** Analyze given data by using Pandas package of Python.
- **CO-5** Visualize given data set using Matplotlib.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix:

Course	Programme Outcomes (POs)									Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)(if any)		
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-	PO-	PO-	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-		
(COs)	Basic and	2 Proble	3Design/Developme	4 Engineerin	Engineering	Project	Life	1	2	3		
	Discipline	m	nt of Solutions	g Tools	Practices for	Management	Long					
	Specific	Analysis			Society,		Learning					
	Knowledge				Sustainability							
					and							
					Environment							
CO-1	-	2	2	-	-	-	1					
CO-2	-	3	3	3	-	-	2					
CO-3	-	3	3	3	ı	ı	2					
CO-4	-	2	3	3	-	-	2					
CO-5	-	3	3	3	-	-	2					

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

CourseCode	CourseTitle	Class	room	Lab	Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week) Notional Total Total			
		Instruction (CI)		Instru ction	Hours (SW+ SL)	Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Credits(C)	
		L	Т	(LI)				
2000505B / 2000508B /2000511B	Artificial Intelligence (Basics)	02	-	04	02	08	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction(Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work / Term Work(includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits = (1 x Cl hours) + (0.5 x Ll hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

			Sc	cheme of Asses	sment (Mar	ks)		
		Theory Assessment (TA)		Sessional Assessmen	_	Lab Asse (L/	_+LA	
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment(PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+LA)
2000505B / 2000508B /2000511B	Artificial Intelligence (Basics)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/ Term work& Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self

learning, assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

Theory: 100 marks
Practical 50 marks

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505B]

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Elaborate the use of Artificial Intelligence TSO 1b. Explain various technological Drivers of Modern AI TSO 1c. Describe Knowledge representation TSO 1d. Classify Intelligent agents TSO 1e. List the characteristics of agents TSO 1f. Apply various search strategies for problem solving	Unit-1.0. Artificial Intelligence: What is AI?, Types of AI, History of AI, Turing Test, Symbol Systems and the scope of Symbolic AI, Structure of AI, Goals of AI, Importance of AI, Techniques used in AI, Perception, Understanding and Action, Technological drivers of modern AI Knowledge: Definition, Knowledge Representation, objectives and requirements, practical aspects of representation, Components Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Properties of environments, characteristics of agents, classification of agents Problem Solving: Problem Formulation, Goal Formulation, State Space Search, Search Problem, Basic search algorithm, Search Tree, Search strategies — Uninformed and informed search, Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, Best First Search, Constraint Satisfaction Problem (CSP), Backtracking Search. Problem Definitions: N Queen Problem, 8 Puzzle Problem, Tic-tac-Toe.	CO-1
TSO 2a. Explain Python tokens and variables TSO 2b. Use the concept of I-value and r-value TSO 2c. Write python program using various data types TSO 2d. Write Program using various operators in Python TSO 2e. Write program using conditional	Unit-2.0 Python Programming 2.1 Python character set, Python tokens, variables, concept of l-value and r-value, use of comments. Data types: number (integer, floating point, complex), boolean, sequence (string, list, tuple), none, mapping (dictionary),	CO-2

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant
		COs Number(s)
		ivalliber(3)
statements.	mutable and immutable data types	
TSO 2f. Use various string functions for	Operators: arithmetic operators, relational	
problem solving in python program	operators, logical operators, assignment	
TSO 2g. write programmes using various operations on list	operator, augmented assignment operators. Expressions, statement, type	
TSO 2h. Write programmes by using various operations on Tuples and Dictionary	conversion & input/output: precedence of operators, expression, evaluation of	
TSO 2i. Create user defined functions	expression.	
TSO 2j. Write python programmes using built- in functions	Conditional and Iterative statements: if, if- else, if-elif-else, for loop, range function,	
TSO 2k. Describe the procedure to import module in the Python	while loop, break and continue statements, nested loops	
TSO 2I. Describe procedure to Import Library	String, List, Tuples and Dictionary:	
and functions in the Python	String: indexing, string operations	
TSO 2m. Write program using Iterative	(concatenation, repetition, membership &	
statements.	slicing), traversing a string using loops, built-in functions.	
	Lists: introduction, indexing, list operations	
	(concatenation, repetition, membership &	
	slicing), traversing a list using loops, built-	
	in functions, linear search on list of numbers	
	and counting the frequency of elements in a list	
	Dictionary: accessing items in a dictionary	
	using keys, mutability of dictionary (adding	
	a new item, modifying an existing item),	
	traversing a dictionary, built-in functions	
	Python Functions: types of function (built-	
	in functions, functions defined in module,	
	user defined functions), creating user	
	defined function, arguments and	
	parameters, default parameters, positional	
	parameters, function returning value(s),	
	flow of execution, scope of a variable	
	(global scope, local scope)	
	Modules and Packages: Importing module	
	using 'import' Regular Expressions,	
	Exception Handling, PyPI Python Package	
	Index, Pip Python package manager, Importing Libraries and Functions	
	,	

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 3a. Explain Data Analytics and its elements TSO 3b. Differentiate Data Analysis and Data Analytics TSO 3c. Explain the use of open source data TSO 3d.Differentiate Qualitative and Quantitative data analysis TSO 3e. Explain procedure to Install NumPy Library TSO 3f. Use NumPy library to perform various operations and functions on array TSO 3g. Write Programs using NumPy for array manipulations	Unit-3.0 Data Analytics and Computing with NumPy Data Analytics: Data, Types of Data, Importance of Data, Data Analysis Vs Data Analytics, Types of Data Analytics, Elements of Analytics, Data Analysis Process, Qualitative and Quantitative analyses, Open Source Data. NumPy Library: Introduction, Installation, Ndarray: creating an array, intrinsic creation of an array, Data types, basic operations, aggregate functions, Indexing, slicing, Iterating, Conditions and Boolean arrays, Array manipulation: Joining, splitting, shape changing, sorting, Structured arrays, Reading and Writingarray data on a File.	CO-3
 TSO 4a. Apply Pandas data structure for data analysis TSO 4b. Write Programs using Pandas to perform various operations and functions on series. TSO 4c. Perform various operation in a Data Frame columns and rows TSO 4d. Write Programme to read and write on CSV, XLS and Text data files TSO 4e. Apply various data cleaning operations and prepare data. 	Unit-4.0 Data Analysis with Pandas Pandas data structures: Series, Declaration, selecting elements, assigning values, Filtering values, operations, mathematical functions, evaluating values, handling missing data, creating series from dictionaries, adding two series. Data Frame: Defining, selecting elements, assigning values, membership, deleting a column, filtering. Index Objects: Indexing, Reindexing, Dropping, sorting and ranking, Descriptive Statistics Data Loading: Reading and Writing csv, xls, text data files, Data Cleaning and Preparation: Handling missing data, removing duplicates, replacing values, Vectorized String Methods, HierarchicalIndexing, Merging and Combining, Data	CO-4
TSO 5a. Illustrate the use of Matplotlib and PyPlot package for showing plots and images TSO 5b. Customize plots with Colors, Markers, Line Styles, Limits, Tics, Labels, Legends, Grids TSO 5c. Differentiate various charts based on their applications	aggregation and Grouping. Unit-5.0 Data Visualization with Matplotlib Data Visualization: Introduction to Matplotlib ,PyPlot package, Figures and Subplots, showing plots and images Customizing Plots: Colors, Markers, Line Styles, Limits, Tics, Labels, Legends, Grids , Annotating with text, Matplotlib configuration	CO-5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
	Chart types: Line, Bar, stacked bar, Box plots, pie chart, Histogram and Density plots, Scatter plot, Saving Plots to a file, Close and clear plots.	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508B]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
Use various data types and operators to solve given problem Use conditional and iterative statements for solving given problem	1	 Conditional and Iterative statements 1a. Write a program to generate random numbers between 5 and 10. 1b. Write a program to find the square root of a number. 1c. Write a python program to check if a number is positive, negative or 0. 1d. Write Python program to print all prime numbers between 0-50. 	CO-2
2.1Use string functions for performing various string operations	2	 String Handling 2a. Write a Programme that asks the user for a string with only single space between words, and return number of words in the string. 2b. Write a Program that inputs a line of text and print the count of Vowels in it. 2c. Write a Program that inputs a line of text and print the biggest word in it. 2d. Write a Program that inputs a line of text and print a new line of text where each word of input line is reversed. 	CO-2
Use list operations for concatenation, repetition & slicing Perform various operation in the Tuples Perform various operation in the dictionary	3	List, Tuples and Dictionary 3a. Write a python program to convert a string to a list. 3b. Write a program to print the largest number in a list. 3c. Given a tuple pairs = ((3,9), (8,4), (3,7), (24,18)), count the number of pairs (a, b) such that both a and b are odd. 3d. Write a program to input a list of numbers and swap elements at the even location with the elements at the odd location. 3e. Write a program to merge two dictionaries.	CO-2
4.1 Use built-in functions to solve given problem	4	Python Functions 4a. Write a function to reverse a string. 4b.Write a function to calculate the factorial of a	CO-2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	i lahoratory Eyneriment/Practical Titles		Relevant COs Number(s)	
4.2 Create user defined functions tosolve given problem		number.		
use basic data structure using NumPy Convert the list and tuple as		Basic data structures in NumPy 5a. Create a List, set, tuple and dictionary which stores the details of a student (roll no, name, dept, branch, percentage of mark) in Python and print the values. 5b. Convert the list and tuple as NumPy array.	CO-3	
NumPy array		, , ,		
Create Arrays in Numpy using different intrinsic methods Performarithmetic operations and mathematical operations using arange and ones intrinsicmethod.	rformarithmetic operations and athematical operations using methods (ones, zeros, arange, linspace, indice) and print their values. 6b. Check the results of arithmetic operations like add(), subtract(), multiply() and divide()		CO-3	
7.1 Apply aggregate functions on data by using Built-in functions in Numpy	7	Built-in functions in NumPy. 7a. Load your class Mark list data from a csv (comma separated value) file into an array. Perform the following operations to inspect your array. Len(), ndim, size, dtype, shape, info() 7b. Apply the aggregate functions on this data and print the results. (Functions like min(), max(), cumsum(), mean(), median(), corrcoef(), std())	CO-3	
8.1 Handle multiple arrays by applying various operations on arrays	8	Handling Multiple Arrays 8a. Create two python NumPy arrays (boys, girls) each with the age of nstudents in the class. 8b. Get the common items between two python NumPy arrays. 8c. Get the positions where elements of two arrays match. 8d. Remove from one array those items that exist in another. 8e. Extract all numbers between a given range from a NumPy array.	CO-3	
9.1 Apply indexing on the given set of data	9	 Indexing in NumPy 9a. Load your class Mark list data from a csv file into an array. 9b. Access the mark of a student in a particular subject using indexing techniques. 9c. Select a subset of 2D array using fancy indexing (indexing using integer arrays 	CO-3	

Create series using list and dictionary in pandas Print different values fromseries. No. Working with 10a. Create 10b. Create 10b. Create 10b. Create 10c. Print th		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
		Working with a Series using Pandas 10a. Create a series using list and dictionary. 10b. Create a series using NumPy functions in Pandas. 10c. Print the index and values of series. 10d. Print the first and last few rows from the series.	CO-4
11.1 Perform various operation in a Data Frame rows	11	Working with Data Frame Rows 11a. Slicing Data Frame using loc and iloc.11b. Filter multiple rows using isin. 11c. Select first n rows and last n rows 11d. Select rows randomly n rows and fractions of rows (use df. sample method) 11e. Count the number of rows with each unique value of variables 11f. Select nlargest and nsmallest values. 11g. Order/sort the rows	CO-4
12.1 Apply different techniques to merge and combine data	12	 Merge and combine data 12a. Perform the append, concat and combine first operations on Data Frames. 12b. Apply different types of merge on data. 12c. Use a query method to filter Data Frame with multiple conditions. 	CO-4
Create Linear Plot to identify various relation in the data using Matplotlib Create Scatter Plot to identify various relation in the data using Matplotlib	13	Consider the Salary dataset, which contains 30 observations consisting of years of working experience and the annual wage. Download thedata set from https://www.kaggle.com/rohankayan/years-of-experience-and-salary-dataset 13a. Create a linear plot to identify the relationship between years of working experience and the annual wages with suitable title, legend and labels. 13b. Create a scatter plot to identify the relationship between years of working experience and the annual wages with title , legend and labels. 13c. Also distinguish between observations that have more than 5 years of working experience and observations that have less than 5 years of working experience by using different colors in one single plot.	CO-5
14.1 Plot Bar graph by Changing thecolor of each bar, Change the Edge color, Linewidth and Linestyle.	14	Consider the Iris dataset, where observations belong to either one of three iris flower classes. Download the data set from https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset 14a. Visualize the average value for each feature	CO-5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes(LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
		of the Set osa iris class using a bar chart.	
		14b. Format the obtained bar graph by Changing	
		the color of each bar, Change the Edge	
		color, Line width and Line style.	

L) Sessional Work and Self Learning: [2000511B]

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

1. Handing Two-dimensional array in NumPy

Download the data set from

https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.datahttps://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset

- a. Import iris dataset with numbers and texts keeping the text intact into python NumPy.
- b. Convert the 1D iris to 2D array (iris2d) by omitting the species text field.
- c. Find the number and position of missing values in iris2d's sepal_length
- d. Insert np.nan values at 20 random positions in iris 2d dataset
- e. Filter the rows of iris2d that has petal_length> 1.5 and sepal_length< 5.0

Expected Outcome(Use various operations on two dimensional arrays in NumPy)

2. Handling missing data and duplicates in Pandas

- a. Identify rows with missing data (isnull(), notnull()) and replace NA/Null data with a given value.
- b. Drop rows and columns with any missing data (dropna(), dropna(1))
- c. Find duplicate values and drop duplicates.
- d. Fill the missing values using forward filling and backward filling.
- e. Replace the missing value with new value and write the dataframe to a CSV file in the local directory.

Expected Outcomes (a. Identify missing data, b. Find Duplicates values, c. Write the dataframe to a CSV file in the local directory.)

3. Working with Data Frame Columns

- a. Create and print a Data Frame.
- b. Find the descriptive statistics for each column.
- c. Group the data by the values in a specified column, values in the index.
- d. Set Index and columns in a Data Frame.
- e. Rename columns and drop columns
- f. Select or filter rows based on values in columns.
- g. Select single and multiple columns with specific names

Expected Outcome (Perform various operation in a Data Frame columns)

4. Indexing & Sorting in NumPy

- a. Load your class Mark list data from a csv file into an array.
- b. Sort the student details based on Total mark.

c. Print student details whose total marks is greater than 250 using Boolean indexing.

Expected Outcomes (a. Sort the given set of data, b. Use indexing in an array)

5. Array Slicing in NumPy

- a. Load your class Mark list data into an array called "marks" to store students roll num, subject marks and result.
- b. Split all rows and all columns except the last column into an array called "features".
- c. Split the marks array into 3 equal-sized sub-arrays each for 3 different subject marks.
- d. Split the last column into an array "label".
- e. Delete the roll num column from the marks array and insert a new column student name in its place.

Expected Outcome (Use array slicing in NumPy for the given set of data)

6. Consider the Iris dataset, where observations belong to either one of three iris flower classes.

Download the data set from

https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset

- a. Visualize the Histogram for each feature (Sepal Length, Sepal Width, petal Length & petal Width) separately with suitable bin size and color.
- b. Plot the histograms for all features using subplots to visualize all histograms in one single plot. Save the plot as JPEG file.
- c. Plot the box plots for all features next to each other in one single plot. Perform 3D printing of plastic casing of inhaler used by Asthma patients and estimate the cost.

Expected Outcomes (a. Plot the Histogram for the various features using subplot, b. Plot the box plots for all features next to each other in one single plot)

c. Other Activities:

1. Lab Activities

- Install Python IDE and important Python Libraries
- Install Anaconda and find the features of Jupyter Notebook.
- Import various module using 'import'
- Use Pip Python package manager.
- Import Libraries and Functions in Python

2. Seminar Topics:

- Technological rivers of modern Artificial Intelligence
- Intelligent Agents and Environments in Artificial Intelligence
- Various Search Strategies
- Python for Data Science
- Python Libraries and Packages used in data Science
- Data Visualisation
- Various data set available over Internet

3. Self-learning topics:

- Use of AI in Engineering and Technology
- Data Science and Machine Learning
- Problem and Goal Formulation
- Search strategies
- Breadth First Search and Depth First Search
- Back tracking Search

- N Queen and 8 Puzzle Problem
- M) Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix							
	Theory Asses	Sessional Work Assessment (SWA)			Lab Assessment (LA)#			
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Sessiona	l Work & Se Assessmer	J	Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment	
cos	Class/Mid Sem Test		Assignments	Micro Projects	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
CO-1	20%	20%	20%		30%			
CO-2	10%	10%	20%		20%	20%	20%	
CO-3	20%	20%	20%	30%	20%	20%	20%	
CO-4	30%	30%	20%	20%	30%	30%	30%	
CO-5	20%	20%	20%	50%		30%	30%	
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30	
Marks			1	50		1		

Legend:

* : Other Activities include self learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: For indirect assessment of COs, Course exit survey can be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	Delevent		ETA (Marks)			
	Relevant COs Number(s)	Total Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)	
Unit-1.0. Artificial Intelligence	CO-1	15	7	5	3	
Unit-2.0. Python Programming	CO-2	15	4	3	8	
Unit-3.0. Data Analytics and Computing with NumPy	CO-3	14	3	3	8	
Unit-4.0. Data Analysis with Pandas	CO-4	13	3	3	7	
Unit-5.0. Data Visualization with Matplotlib	CO-5	13	3	3	7	
	Total Marks	70	20	17	33	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

		Dalassant	P	PLA/ELA		
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perforr	nance	Viva-	
SIN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA (%)	PDA (%)	Voce (%)	
1.	Conditional and Iterative statements	CO-2	-	80	20	
2.	String handling	CO-2	-	80	20	
3.	List, Tuples and Dictionary	CO-2	20	70	10	
4.	Python Functions	CO-2	-	80	20	
5.	Basic data structures in NumPy	CO-3	-	80	20	
6.	Arrays in NumPy	CO-3	-	80	20	
7.	Built-in functions in NumPy.	CO-3	20	70	10	
8.	Handling Multiple Arrays	CO-3	20	70	10	
9.	Indexing in NumPy	CO-3	-	70	30	
10.	Working with a Series using Pandas	CO-4	-	80	20	
11.	Working with DataFrame Rows	CO-4	20	60	20	
12.	Merge and combine data	CO-4	40	50	10	
13.	Consider the Salary dataset, which contains 30 observations consisting of years of working experience and the annual wage.	CO-5	80	10	10	
14.	Consider the Iris dataset, where observations belong to either one of three iris flower classes.	CO-5	80	10	10	

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Group Discussion, Portfolio Based Learning, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Information and Communications Technology(ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Computer Systems	Desktop Computers with i3 processor, 16 GB RAM, 512 GB HDD	S.No. 1 to 14
2.	Online Python IDE	https://www.online-python.com/	S.No. 1 to 14
3.	Jupyter Notebook	Download from https://jupyter.org/	S.No. 1 to 14
4.	Pip Python package manager	Download Pip 22.3 From https://pypi.org/project/pip/	S.No. 1 to 14
5.	Various modules, Libraries and Packages	NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, PyPlot package	S.No. 1 to 14

R) **Suggested Learning Resources:**

(a) Suggested Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No. 1.	Artificial Intelligence Basics - A Non-Technical Introduction	TomTaulli	Apress(2019)
2.	Fundamentals of artificial Intelligence	Chowdhary K. R	Springer 2020
3.	Artificial Intelligence A Modern approach	Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig	PrenticeHall 2010, 3 rd Edition
4.	Introduction to Computing and Problem Solving using Python	E. Balagurusamy	McGraw Hill Education(India)Pvt. Ltd. 1 st Edition /2016
5.	Learning Python Programming	Jeffrey Elkner, Allan B.Downey, Chris Meyers	Samurai Media Limited. 2016
6.	Python Programming	Ashok Namdev Kamthane and Amit Ashok Kamthane	McGraw Hill Education(India) Pvt.Ltd.2020, 2 nd Edition
7.	Programming in Python	Dr. Pooja Sharma	BPB Publications 2017
8.	Taming Python By Programming	Jeeva ose	Khanna Book Publishing Co(P)Ltd , 2017, Reprinted2019
9.	Python Data Analytics	Fabio Nelli	Apress,2015
10.	Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, Numpy, and IPython	Wes McKinney	O'REILLY 2018,SecondEdition

Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER): (b)

- NPTEL Web Content- Artificial Intelligence, Prof. P. Mitra, Prof. S. Sarkar, IIT Kharagpur URL: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105078/
- 2. https://www.learnpython.org
- 3. www.python.org
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

Note:

Data Source:

- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/auto-mpg/
- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.data
- https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset
- https://www.kaggle.com/rohankayan/years-of-experience-and-salary-dataset

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. Sanjay Agrawal(Coordinator)
- Dr. R. K. Kapoor(Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000505C / 2000508C / 2000511C

B) Course Title : Internet of Things (Basic)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Digital Electronics, Electronics Circuits, Fundaments of Computers and Computer

networks

D) Rationale:

The Internet of Things (IoT) is the upcoming field that has the capability to connect everything on the earth. This course focuses on the development of IoT concepts such as sensing, actuation with implementation of communication protocols.

The course also focuses on real life aspects of IoT and how to integrate it in real life projects. The course will simplify the concept of IoT by using the Node MCU board for IoT application development. In this course students will learn about the use of Node MCU and its applications as a beginner/intermediate in the field of IoT. Apart from this, students will learn about the APIs, by using which integration of features like send Email, WhatsApp messages and notification based on certain events in projects is possible. Overall, this course covers both hardware and software aspects of IoT with practical exposure.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Describe the functions of each block of the basic IoT system
- **CO-2** Explain communication protocol used in IoT and its applications
- **CO-3** Use appropriate sensors for the specific measurement through the IoT platform
- **CO-4** Explain APIs, client-server connections and its integration in real life applications.
- **CO-5** Build and test a complete, working IoT system involving prototyping, programming, and data analysis

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix:

Course	Programme Outcomes (POs)									Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) (if any)	
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO- 2Proble m Analysis	PO- 3Design/Developme nt of Solutions	PO- 4Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO- 3	
CO-1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-				
CO-2	1	2	2	2	2	-	-				
CO-3	1	3	2	2	2	2	2				
CO-4	1	1	2	3	-	2	2				
CO-5	1	1	3	2	2	3	3				

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

CourseCode	CourseTitle	Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week)						
Coursecode	Course ritte	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instru ction	Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C) (CI+LI+SW+SL)	
		L	T	(LI)				
2000505 C / 2000508 C / 2000511C	Internet of Things (Basic)	02	-	04	02	08	05	

Legend:

Cl: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work/Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

				Scheme of Asse	essment (Mark	rs)		Total Marks (TA+SWA +LA)
	Course		ssessment A)	Sessional Assessment		Lab Asse (LA		
Course Code	Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment(ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment(PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	
2000505 C / 2000508 C / 2000511C	Internet of Things (Basic)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/Term work& Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self learning,

assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

Theory: 100 marks Practical 50 marks

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505C]

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO.1.a. Describe the concept of IoT. TSO.1.b. Explain the functions of each block of the Basic IoT system. TSO.1.c. Compare features of various IoT platforms TSO.1.d. List IoT Real time Applications. TSO.1.e. Describe the functioning of given real-time applications	Unit-1.0 Introduction to IoT Basics of IoT, concepts of IoT, History of IoT Basic IoT System and its building blocks Various platforms for IoT (e.g. AWS, AZURE, GCP) Introduction to Python programming andIoT software Applications of IoT	CO-1 and CO-5
TSO.2.a.Explain various communication protocols. TSO.2.b.Explain working and application of blue tooth TSO.2.c.Explain working and application of ZigBee TSO.2.d.Explain working and application of LoRa TSO.2.e.Explain working and application of Wi-fi TSO.3.a. Differentiate between sensor and Actuator. TSO.3.b. Classify IoT sensors on the basis of their application. TSO.3.c. Describe the function of each block of Node MCU.	Unit 2. IoT Communication protocols Basics of given communication protocol along with its applications Explain Communication Protocols MQTT Bluetooth Low Energy ZigBee LoRa Wi-fi Unit-3.0 Sensors and Hardware for IoT Sensors and Actuators, Transducers, Classifications of sensors, IoT Sensors Development Boards, classifications, and basics of wireless networks, WiFi libraries Introduction to node MCU, block diagram,	CO-1 and CO2
TSO.4.a. Define APIs and its uses TSO.4.b.Explain working and application of REST. TSO.4.c.Explain working and application of SOAP TSO.4.d.Explain working and application of json TSO.4.e.Explain the integration of API in IoT application development.	functions, interfacing with sensors and publishing data on webserver Device integration with node MCU Interfacing of sensors with boards Unit.4 IoT APIsand its Integration Explain APIs and its use Explanation of given IoT APIs along with its applications MQTT, Broker, subscriber, publisher REST SOAP 4.5 JSON 4.6 Programming API using Python	CO-1 and CO-4

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO.5.a. Differentiate between industrial IoT and IoT. TSO.5.b. Describe the applications of IoT in the medical field. TSO.5.c. Describe the medical applications of IoT in the agriculture field.	Unit. 5 IoT Applications: - Industrial IoT and Internet of everything IoT for consumer electronics products IoT for Medical applications IoT for Agriculture	CO-1 and CO-5
TSO.5.d. Describe the innovative IoT applications.	IoT for security and Law enforcement	

Note:One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508 C]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 List various IoT platforms. List Down broad features of given platforms. List IoT based features in python language.		Prepare a list of platforms used for IoT. Prepare a list of features of above IoT platforms. Prepare a list of features provided by python language for IoT applications.	CO-1
LSOs 2.1 Arduino connection with Arduino IDE. Connect Bluetooth with Arduino. verification of data communication with Bluetooth.	2.	Establish connectivity between various components of IoT. Establish connection between Arduinoand Bluetooth module. Establish connection using WiFi	CO-2
LSO 3.1 Measure the temperature of the given sensor. LSO 3.2 Measure the humidity of the given sensor. LSO 3.3 Measure the pressure of the given sensor.	3.	Publish data on the IoT platform. Measure the temperature of a remotely located temperature sensor Using IOT based temperature data-monitoring system. Measure the humidity of a remotely located humidity sensor Using IOT based humidity data-monitoring system. Measure the pressure of a remotely located pressure sensor Using IOT based pressure data-monitoring system.	CO-3
LSO 4.1 Working with APIs. LSO 4.2 Implementation of APIs using POSTMAN Application.		Download and Configure POSTMAN Application Verify REST APIs through POSTMAN. Verify JSON APIs through POSTMAN. Verify SOAP APIs through POSTMAN.	CO-4
LSO 5.1 Identification of components for various applications. LSO 5.2 Estimate the cost for components.	5.	Identify components for given project Estimate the cost to make Project working.	CO-5

L) Sessional Work and Self Learning: [2000511C]

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a report on IoT Systems using Internet data.
- 2. Market survey to identify various types of IoT sensors and its pricing.
- 3. Interface IR sensor with Arduino and send the data to Arduino cloud.
- 4. Send IoT data using Node MCU to things Speak cloud.
- 5. Interface Bluetooth module with Arduino and send data using the Bluetooth module.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics: "Future of IoT"
 - "Technologies for IoT", "Smart City and IoT"
- 2. Visit to industry for latest IoT setup in industrial process.
- 3. Surveys of market for availability of various types of sensors and its pricing.
- 4. Product Development: Development of projects for real life problem solution using IoT.
- 5. Software Development: various open source platform operations.

6. Self-learning topics:

- 1. IoT hardware and their use for various applications
- 2. IoT sensors technical specifications
- 3. IoT enabled services
- M) Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix									
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Sessional '	Work Asses	sment (SWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#				
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment Assessment (PTA) Class/Mid Sem Test End Theory Assessment (ETA) (ETA)		Sessional Work & Self Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment			
			Assignments	Micro Projects	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)			
CO-1	10%	10%	20%		33%	10%	20%			
CO-2	15%	10%	20%		33%	15%	20%			
CO-3	30%	30%	20%		34%	15%	20%			
CO-4	20%	30%	20%	50%		30%	20%			
CO-5	25%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%			
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30			
Marks				50						

Legend:

* : Other Activities include self learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: For indirect assessment of COs, Course exit survey can be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	Relevant	Total	ETA (Marks)		
	COs	Marks	Remember	Understanding	Application
	Number(s)		(R)	(U)	& above (A)
Unit-1.0. Introduction to IoT	CO-1	5	3	2	-
Unit-2.0. IoT	CO-2	9	4	3	2
Communicationprotocols					
Unit-3.0. Sensors and Hardware	CO-3	19	5	6	8
for IoT					
Unit-4.0 IoT APIs and its	CO-4	19	5	5	9
Integration					
Unit-5.0. IoT Applications	CO-5	18	3	6	9
	Total Marks	70	20	22	28

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

O)

		Relevant			
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfor	Viva-	
314	Laboratory Fractical Titles		PRA	PDA	Voce
		Number(s)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Prepare a list of platforms used for IoT.	CO-1	60	30	10
2.	Prepare a list of features of above IoT platforms.	CO-1	60	30	10
3.	Prepare a list of features provided by python language for IoT applications.	CO-1	60	30	10
4.	Establish connectivity between various components of IoT.	CO-2	60	30	10
5.	Establish connection between Arduino and Bluetooth module.	CO-2	60	30	10
6.	Establish connection using WiFi	CO-2	70	20	10
7.	Publish data on the IoT platform.	CO-3	70	20	10
8.	Measure the temperature of a remotely located temperature sensor Using IOT based temperature data-monitoring system.	CO-3	60	40	10
9.	Measure the humidity of a remotely located temperature sensor Using IOT based temperature data-monitoring system.	CO-3	60	40	10
10.	Measure the pressure of a remotely located temperature sensor Using IOT based temperature data-monitoring system.	CO-3	60	40	10
11.	Publish the data using Mqtt	CO-4	60	30	10
12.	Download and Configure POSTMAN Applications	CO-4	60	30	10
13.	Verify REST APIs through POSTMAN.	CO-4	60	30	10
14.	Verify JSON APIs through POSTMAN.	CO-4	60	30	10
15.	Verify SOAP APIs through POSTMAN.	CO-4	60	30	10
16.	Identify components for given project	CO-5	50	40	10
17.	Estimate the cost to make Project working.	CO-5	50	40	10

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriatelyselected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1	Bluetooth Modem- BlueSMiRF Silver	Sparkfun Bluetooth modem	As mentioned above list
2	Postman Software	Open-source downloadable	
3	Node MCU board	Generic	
4	IoT free cloud	Arduino cloud/Thing Speak/Blynk	
5	ATAL Lab	As per the list as address below	
	Package-1	ATAL Equipment list'	
	Package-2	(http://aim.gov.in/guidelines-for-school.php).	
	Package-4		

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1	Internet of Things Architecture and Design Principles	Raj Kamal	Mc Graw Hills, New Delhi ISBN 13: 978-93-90722-38-4

2	Internet of things (IoT): technologies, applications, challenges and solutions	Edited By BK Tripathy , J Anuradha	CRC Press ,ISBN 9780367572921, June 30, 2020	
3	Internet-of-Things (IoT) Systems: Architectures, Algorithms, Methodologies	by Dimitrios Serpanos & Marilyn Wolf	Springer; 1st ed. 2018 edition (17 January 2018)	
4	Custom Raspberry Pi Interfaces: Design and build hardware interfaces for the Raspberry	Pi by Warren Gay	Apress; 1st ed. edition (23 February 2017), ISBN-10:9781484224052, ISBN-13:978-1484224052	
5	'Learning Internet of Things',	Peter Waher	Packt Publishing, 2015, ISBN 9781783553532, https://lib.hpu.edu.vn/handle/123456789/31693	
6	Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces,	N. Ida	Scitech Publishers, 2014.	

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/.../IIT.../lecture%2023%20and%2024.htm
- 2. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shear and moment diagram
- 3. www.freestudy.co.uk/mech%20prin%20h2/stress.pdf
- 4. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 5. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
- 6. https://www.veritis.com/blog/aws-vs-azure-vs-gcp-the-cloud-platform-of-your-choice/
- 7. https://wiki.python.org/moin/TimeComplexity
- 8. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 9. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
- 10. Amini, P. (2014). Sulley: Pure Python fully automated and unattended fuzzing frame- work.
- 11. https://github.com/OpenRCE/sulley

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. M. A. Rizvi(Coordinator)
- Dr. Anjali Potnis(Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000505D / 2000508D / 2000511D

B) Course Title : Drone Technology (Basics)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) :
D) Rationale :

Rapid technological innovation has provided users cutting-edge products at affordable prices. Traditionally, drones had been limited to military use due to high costs and technical sophistication. In recent years, the drone has number of commercial uses and are also proving to be extremely beneficial in places where a man cannot reach or is unable to perform in a timely and efficient manner. Today, drones are used in construction, photography, agriculture, defense, environmental studies and monitoring and other industries to protect the skies, repopulate forests and accomplish much more on a huge scale. This course will acquaint the student with the basic drone technology and applicable drone rules and regulations in India. Considering that the main operational areas of diploma holders, it is essential that he should be exposed to basic drone designing, programming, operating, maintaining and using them safely.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Operate a drone safely by applying appropriate drone rules and regulations.
- **CO-2** Design the structure of drone with drone components and equipment.
- **CO-3** Interface flight controller board with sensors, ESC and radio communication unit in drone technology.
- **CO-4** Use drone simulator and identify different types of ports and connectors of drone.
- **CO-5** Use python programming while drone designing.

F) Course Articulation Matrix:

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)(if any)								
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-	PO-3Design/	PO-	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-2	PSO-
(COs)	Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	2 Proble m Analysis	Development of Solutions	4 Engineering Tools	Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	Project Managem ent	Life Long Learning	1		3
CO-1	2	-	-	-	3	-	2			
CO-2	3	2	3	3	-	-	-			
CO-3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-			
CO-4	2	-	-	2	-	3	2			
CO-5	-	2	2	3	-	-	-			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

CourseCode	CourseTitle		Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week)						
Coursecode	CourseTitle	Classro Instruc (CI)		Lab Instru ction	Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C) (CI+LI+SW+SL)		
		L	Т	(LI)					
2000505D / 2000508D / 2000511D	Drone Technology (Basics)	02	-	04	02	08	05		

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction(Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work/Term work(includesassignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

			Scheme of Assessment (Marks)							
		Theory Assessment (TA)		Session Assessme	al Work ent (SWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)		/A+LA		
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment(ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment(PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+LA)		
200505D / 200508D / 200511D	3D Printing and Design (Basics)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200		

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/Term work& Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self-learning, assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505D]

	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a.	Describe the various historical evolutionary steps of drone technology	Unit-1.0Introduction to Drone Technology Introduction to Drones and UAV • Definition	CO-1
TSO 1b.	Explain Drone motion based on principle of aerodynamics.	HistoryDrone in Indian aspect	
TSO 1c.	Classify different types of drones and make chart of its application, advantages and disadvantages.	Introduction to Flight Dynamics Various types of Drones and their respective Applications	
TSO 1d.	Develop attitude to follow proper rules and regulations of drones flying in India.	Multirotor dronesFixed wing structure	
TSO 1e.	Explore future prospects of drones in India.	Drone flights using an understanding of FAA	
TSO 2a.	Explain the use and function of different types of Drone components.	Unit-2.0Droneand its components Drones components	CO-2
TSO 2b.	Select suitable drone frame and propellers for given application.	Drone framePropellers	
TSO 2c.	Explain working principle and function of different sensors used indrone technology. Write use of Gyro sensor and	Sensors Gyro sensor and Accelerometer Speed and Distance Sensor Temp sensor	
TSO 2e.	Accelerometer in drone. Describe different types and capacity of Battery used in various drone applications.	BarometerTOF SensorBattery	
TSO 2f.	State the selection criteria of motor for given drone application.	 Types and Capacity Motors 	
TSO 2g.	Write advantage of BLDC motors in making of Drones.	 Motor types Motor capabilities Application of BLDC motors in drones 	
TSO 3a.	Explain four types of motion used in drone's operation.	Unit-3.0 Drone controller and motion	CO-3
TSO 3b.	Describe the working and applications of Electronic speed controller.	Propulsion and Vertical Motion Controller and Flying Instructions	
TSO 3c.	Explain the working principle of Flight controller unit used in drone.	Electronic speed Controller (ESC)Flight Controller Board(FCB)	

Мај	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 3d.	Explain Radio communication unit used in drone.	Radio Communication • Transmitter and Receiver for radio	
TSO 3e.	Explain the communication of Flight controller board with motor, ESC and sensors with suitable diagram	signal	
TSO 4a.	Describe utility of different	Unit-4.0 Connections and Interfaces of Devices	CO-4
TCO 4h	communication port used in drone.	in Drone and Drone Simulator	
TSO 4b.	Identifydifferent types of connectors and write their specifications.	Communication Port	
TSO 4c.	Explain the use of drone simulator	• PWM	
	software and hardware.	• RS232, RS422, RS485	
		• UART	
		• CAN • I2C	
		Different types of connectors and its	
		specification	
		Drone Simulator software	
		Drone simulator Hardware	
TSO 5a.	Write basic code in Python.	Unit-5.0 Introduction to Python for Drone	CO-5
TSO 5b.	Explain structure and components of a Python program.	Python programing refreshers for IoT, AI and Drone	
TSO 5c.	write syntax of loops and decision statements in Python.	Integration of devices with cloud services Microsoft Azure, AWS	
TSO 5d.	Explain steps to create functions and pass arguments in Python.	,	

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508D]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 1 Choose suitable materials for making drone frame.	1.	Determine the strength of materials used in drones frame.	CO-2
LSO 2 Select suitable materials for making drone propellers.	2.	Determine the strength of materials used in drones Propellers.	CO-2
LSO 3 Use appropriate battery as per need of flight time for specific drone application.	3.	Test different parameters of batteries used in drones	CO-2
LSO 4 Identify suitable motors as per payload of specific drone application.	4.	Test motors suitable for specific Drone application.	CO-2
LSO 5 Operate Gyro sensor and Accelerometer.	5.	Test and measure Gyro sensor and Accelerometer and their characteristics.	CO-2
LSO 6.1 Identify different sensors based on their characteristics. LSO 6.2 Interface different types of sensor in drone.	6.	Test different sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2, CO-3
LSO 7 Demonstrate four type of drone motion.	7.	Determine thrust/torque of motor by changing different drone motion	CO-2, CO-3
LSO 8.1 Configure Flight control board (FCB) LSO 8.2 Demonstrate use of Flight control board (FCB)	8.	Test and troubleshoot Flight control board (FCB).	CO-3
LSO 9.1 Measure various parameters of sensor LSO 9.2 Interface sensor with flight controller board.	9.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with sensor	CO-3, CO-2
LSO 10 Use motor with flight controller board.	10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with motor.	CO-3, CO-2
LSO 11 Interface ESC with flight controller board.	11.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board with ESC.	CO-3
LSO 12 Configure radio communication device to control drones	12.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3
LSO 13.1 Identify different types of ports and connectors of drone. LSO 13.2 Assemble drone component.	13.	Test Hardware assembly for drone.	CO-4 CO-3
LSO 14.1 Identify different motions in drone simulator. LSO 14.2 Operate drone in simulator for specific task	14.	Perform different motion in drone simulator.	CO-4
LSO 15.1 Write code of loop and decision statement in python. LSO 15.2 Interpret loop and decision statement LSO 15.3 Debug code of loop and decision statement	15.	Build and run loops and decision statements for specific application in Python.	CO-5
LSO 16.1 Make function in python. LSO 16.2 Interpret given function statement	16.	Build and Run functions for specific application and pass arguments in Python.	CO-5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 16.3 Debug code of function in python			
LSO 17.1 Identify python programming steps	17.	Write basic programming in python to	CO-5,
to interface drone components.		interface different component of Drones.	CO-3
LSO 17.2 Identify error in python program			
LSO 17.3 Debug the given python program			

L) Sessional Work and Self Learning: [2000511D]

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Design drone for simple application.
- 2. Test different sensors, their characteristics and make chart which are used in different drones' applications.
- 3. Download 5 videos on drone design with different components. Watch them and write report on it.
- 4. Write report on Drone application for precision agriculture.
- 5. Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report of list of drone component and its specification.
- 6. Visit nearby tool room, small industry, Drone training institute facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of drone technology used, material used, cost of printed component.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics-History of Drone, Drone regulations, Proximity sensor, Bernoulli's principle apply in drone, Radio communication used in drones, Drone Simulator, Python Programming.
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby tool room, small industry, Drone training institute facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of drone technology used, material used, cost of printed component.
- 3. Surveys: Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report of list of drone component and its specification and explore Drone simulator.
- 4. Product Development
- 5. Software Development

d. Self learning topics:

- 1. History of Drones
- 2. Drone in Indian aspect
- 3. Drone regulations
- 4. Principle of aerodynamics for Drones
- 5. Drone simulator
- M) Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. There sponse /performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

Course Evaluation Matrix									
Theory Assess	sment (TA)**	Sessional Work Assessment (SWA)	ment (LA)#						
Progressive Theory Assessment	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Sessional Work & Self Learning Assessment	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)					

COs	(PTA)		Assignments	Micro	Other Activities ³		
	Class/Mid			Projects			
	Sem Test						
CO-1	10%	10%	10%		10%	-	-
CO-2	30%	30%	30%	33%	30%	30%	30%
CO-3	30%	30%	30%	34%-	30%	30%	30%
CO-4	15%	10%	15%	-	15%	20%	20%
CO-5	15%	20%	15%	33%	15%	20%	20%
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30
Marks				50	1		

Legend:

*: Other Activities include seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: To calculate CO attainment 80% weightage of direct assessment tools and 20% of indirect assessment tools may be taken.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)		
	COs	Marks	Remember	Understanding	Application	
	Number(s)		(R)	(U)	& above (A)	
Unit-1.0. Introduction to Drone	CO-1	08	03	02	03	
Technology						
Unit-2.0. Drone and its component	CO-2	20	05	07	08	
Unit-3.0. Drone controller and	CO-3	20	05	07	08	
motion						
Unit-4.0. Connections and	CO-4	08	03	02	03	
Interfaces of Devices in Drone						
and Drone						
Simulator						
Unit-5.0. Introduction to Python for	CO-5	14	04	04	06	
Drone						
	Total Marks	70	20	22	28	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

S.No		Relevant	PLA [‡]	[‡] /ELA	ırks)
	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfor	mance	Viva-
	Ediboratory Fractical Files	Number(s)	PRA (%)	PDA (%)	Voce (%)
1.	Determine the strength of materials used in drones frame.	CO-2	60	30	10
2.	Determine the strength of materials used in drones Propellers.	CO-2	60	30	10
3.	Test different parameters of batteries used in drones	CO-2	50	40	10
4.	Test motors suitable for specific Drone application.	CO-2	50	40	10
5.	Test and measure Gyro sensor and Accelerometer and their characteristics.	CO-2	50	40	10
6.	Test different sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2, CO-3	50	40	10
7.	Determine thrust/torque of motor by changing different drone motion	CO-2, CO-3	60	30	10

S.No		Relevant	PLA [‡]	arks)	
	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfor	Viva-	
	Ediboratory Fractical Fields	Number(s)	PRA (%)	PDA (%)	Voce (%)
8.	Test and troubleshoot Flight control board (FCB).	CO-3	60	30	10
9.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with sensor	CO-3, CO-2	60	30	10
10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with motor.	CO-3, CO-2	60	30	10
11.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board with ESC.	CO-3	60	30	10
12.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3	60	30	10
13.	Test Hardware assembly for drone.	CO-4 CO-3	50	40	10
14.	Perform different motion in drone simulator.	CO-4	50	40	10
15.	Build and run loops and decision statements for specific application in Python.	CO-5	50	40	10
16.	Build and Run functions for specific application and pass arguments in Python.	CO-5	50	40	10
17.	Write basic programming in python to interface different component of Drones.	CO-5, CO-3	50	40	10

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology(ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Drone Frame	Tricopter/Quadcopter/Hexacopter	1-13
2.	Propellers	10X4.5 CW/Others	1-13
3.	Speed Sensor	3.3 or 5.0Vdc	1-13
4.	Distance Sensor	5Volt operating voltage	1-13
5.	Gyro sensor and Accelerometer	5Volt operating voltage	1-13
6.	Barometer	Altitude tracking, temp range from 25°C to 40°C	1-13

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical
			Number
7.	TOF Sensor	Accurate ranging up to 4 m, Fast ranging frequency up to 50	1-13
8.	Battery	Lithium Polymer Battery,2200mAH/others	1-13
9.	Motor	BLDC,1000kv or 1000RPM/volt	1-13
10.	Electronic speed Controller (ESC)	30 Amp,2-4s or cell	1-13
11.	Flight Controller Unit	KK 2.1.5/ ArdupilotAPM 2.8/ Pixhawk/others	1-13
12.	Transmitter and Receiver for radio signal	4 channels/6 Channels, 2.4 GHz & 5.8 GHz	1-13
13.	Drone Simulator Software	RC flight simulator	14
14.	Python Software	Hardware required-More than 4 GB RAM, 64 bit CPU preferable	15,16,17

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

		1	
S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Make: Getting Started with Drones: Build and Customize Your Own Quadcopter	Terry Kilby&Belinda Kilby	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016, ISBN-978-9352133147
2.	Agricultural Drones: A Peaceful Pursuit	K R Krishna	Apple Academic Press,1st edition 2018, ISBN-978-1771885959
3.	DIY Drone and Quadcopter Projects: A Collection of Drone-Based Essays, Tutorials, and Projects	Editors Of Make	Shroff/Maker Media; First edition 2016, ISBN-978-9352133994
4.	Building Multicopter Video Drones: Build and fly multicopter drones to gather breathtaking video footage	Ty Audronis	Packt Publishing Limited; Illustrated edition,2014,ISBN-978-1782175438
5.	The Complete Guide to Drones	Adam Juniper	Ilex Press, Extended 2nd Edition,2018 ISBN-9781781575383

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101104073
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unmanned_aerial_vehicle
- 3. https://www.scienceabc.com/innovation/what-is-drone-technology.html
- 4. https://www.dronezon.com/learn-about-drones-quadcopters/what-is-drone-technology-or-how-does-drone-technology-work/
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OWaXIK9sHeE
- 6. https://books.google.co.in/books?id=2M0hEAAAQBAJ&printsec=copyright&redir_esc=y#v=onep age&q&f=false

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. K. K. Jain (Coordinator)
- Dr. Sanjeet Kumar (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000505E / 2000508E / 2000511E

B) Course Title : 3D Printing and Design (Basics)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Computer aided Modeling

D) Rationale

Additive manufacturing (AM) or Additive layer manufacturing (ALM) is the industrial production name for 3D Printing. 3D Printing is a process that makes solid objects from a digital model. It involves depositing material either metal, powdered plastic, or liquid in thin layers (2D) to get a 3D object. This basic course on 3D Printing tries to develop understanding of the process of making real object from digital model in the students. It also covers the software/hardware required, various materials used for 3D Printing and details about printing process parameters. The knowledge gained through this course will help the students to take up advanced course on 3D Printing in next semester.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/ workshop/ field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Develop CAD models for 3D Printing.
- **CO-2** Import and Export CAD data in .STL file format to generate GCODE file.
- **CO-3** Select suitable 3D Printing material for given applications.
- **CO-4** Select suitable 3D Printing process for given situations.
- **CO-5** Produce products using most popular FDM/SLA/SLS 3D Printing processes.

F) Course Articulation Matrix:

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) (if any)								
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-	PSO- 2	PSO-
CO-1	3	-	3	2	-	-	2			
CO-2	3	2	-	2	-	-	-			
CO-3	3	3	-	2	3	-	-			
CO-4	3	3	-	2	-	-	-			
CO-5	3	-	3	3	-	3	2			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

Coco.do	Course Title	Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week)						
CourseCode		Instru	room action CI)	Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C)	
		L	Т					
2000505E / 2000508E / 2000511E	3D Printing and Design (Basics)	02	-	04	02	08	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work/Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

			(
		Theory Assessment (TA)		Sessional Work Assessment (SWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		A+LA
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+LA)
2000505E / 2000508E / 2000511E	3D Printing and Design (Basics)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self learning, assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505E]

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Explain CAD-CAM and related terminologies.	Unit-1.0 Additive Manufacturing Introduction and CAD	CO1
TSO 1b. Convert the given CAD file format into others.	CAD-CAM and its integration CAD- Part and Surface modeling	
TSO 1c. Transfer the given CAD data to CAM facilities.	CAD file formats Additive v/s Conventional Manufacturing	
TSO 1d. Classify 3D Printing processes. TSO 1e. List the advantages of additive manufacturing processes over	Processes Process chain for 3D Printing Classification of 3D Printing Processes Product design and prototyping	

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
conventional manufacturing processes. TSO 1f. List typical steps involved in 3D printing of an object from digital model.	1.8 Reverse Engineering for 3D Printing	rumser(s)
TSO 1g. Explain reverse engineering steps for 3D Printing.		
 TSO 2a. Explain the given STL interface terminology. TSO 2b. Use the given alternative 3D printing interface. TSO 2c. Generate STL file for the given CAD file. TSO 2d. Repair the given STL file. TSO 2e. Apply part orientation and support techniques for the given situation. TSO 2f. Perform slicing of the given CAD model using the given slicing software. TSO 2g. Generate tool path using simulation software for the given situation. 	Unit-2.0 Data Preparation for 3D Printing STL interface Specification, STL data generation, STL data Manipulation, Advantages and limitations of STL file format, Open files, Repair of STL files, Alternative 3D Printing interfaces Part orientation and support generation, Factors affecting part orientation, Various models for part orientation determination, The function of part supports, Support structure design, Automatic support structure generation Model Slicing and Contour Data organization, Direct and adaptive slicing:Identification of	CO1, CO2
TSO 3a. Explain the given 3D Printing processe. TSO 3b. List process parameters of the given 3D	peak features, Adaptivelayer thickness determination Tool path generation Unit-3.0 Additive Manufacturing Techniques Stereo- Lithography, LOM, FDM, SLS, SLM,	CO3, CO4
Printing processes. TSO 3c. Select 3D Printing materials for the given application.	Binder Jet technology, Direct Energy Deposition Process parameter, Process Selection for various applications	
TSO 3d. Select 3D Printing processes among FDM, SLS, SLA for given application with justification.	3D Printing materials and selection Comparison between FDM, SLS, SLA	
TSO 4a. Identify various Aerospace, Electronics, Health care, Automotive, Construction, Food processing, Machine tool components that can be 3D Printed. TSO 4b. Estimate the cost and time of 3D printing of the given component.	Unit-4.0 Application of 3D Printing 4.1 Additive Manufacturing Application Domains: Aerospace, Electronics, Health Care, Defense, Automotive, Construction, Food Processing, Machine Tools	CO3, CO4
TSO 5a. Select suitable 3D Printer and software for the given application with justification. TSO 5b. Analyze the effect of given 3D printing process parameters using 3D printer software simulation.	Unit-5.0 3D Printers and Software and Scanners Construction details and working of established 3D printers for plastics parts only: Stereolithography (SLA), Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), and Fused DepositionModeling (FDM).	CO4, CO5
TSO 5c. List steps to perform 3D scanning of the given object.	Accuracy, Precision and Tolerance in 3D printing. 3D Printer software- Fusion 360,	

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
component.	Solidworks, Onshape, Tinkercad, Ultimaker Cura, MeshLab, Simplyfy 3D, Repetier host, Slic3r, etc. – use and operation of anyone. 3D Scanners and working. Producing a part using FDM, SLA and SLS 3D Printer	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508E]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes(LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 1.1. Use CAD software. LSO 1.2. Prepare digital models of simple 3D entities.	1.	Develop digital models of following simple components using any CAD software: Nut Bolt Network cable Jack Coat button Spoon	CO1
LSO 2.1. Prepare digital models of complex 3D entities and assemblies.	2.	Develop digital models of following assemblies using any CAD software:	CO1
LSO 3.1. Surf web for downloading readymade free CAD models. LSO 3.2. Convert one CAD file format into another.	3.	Download three digital CAD models freely available on web in different formats and then convert them into .stl/obj format.	CO1
LSO 4.1. Use the given Slicing software for 3D Printing. LSO 4.2. Perform slicing operation on the given digital model.	4.	Perform slicing operation on one digital model available under each Pr. No.1, 2 and 3.	CO2
LSO 5.1. Use the available 3D printing software. LSO 5.2. Selection of 3D printing process and performance parameters.	5.	Analyse the effect of different process parameters, materials on printing time, material required, surface finish, etc. through simulation using 3D printing software on sliced models available from Pr. No. 4	CO3, CO4, CO5
LSO 6.1. Produce single plastic components using available 3D printer. LSO 6.2. Perform post processing operations on printed component.	6.	Print one single component on available 3D printer with PLA/ABS material	CO3, CO4, CO5
LSO 7.1. Select appropriate layer thickness, tolerance, fit. LSO 7.2. Produce an assembly of plastic	7.	Print one assembly on available 3D printer with PLA/ABS material	CO3, CO4, CO5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes(LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
components using available 3D printer.			
LSO 8.1. Choose suitable material for printing flexible structure (assembly of same small pieces to give flexible fabric effect).	8.	Model and print a flexible fabric structure with PLA/ABS material (assembly of same small pieces to give flexible fabric effect)	CO3, CO4, CO5
LSO 8.2. Choose suitable design/shape to create a flexible type structure.			
LSO 8.3. Produce flexible plastic structure using available 3D printer.			
LSO 9.1. Selection of 3D printing process parameters.	9.	Change printing process parameters and repeat experiment number 6.	CO4, CO5
LSO 10.1. Use of available 3D scanner. LSO 10.2. Develop 3D digital model using scanning approach. LSO 10.3. Modeling of complex 3D objects using 3D scanning.	10.	Scan the given complex component using available 3D Scanner.	CO5
LSO 11.1. Produce a complex plastic structure using available 3D printer and scanner.	11.	Print the 3D scanned digital model of Pr. No. 10 on available 3D printer with PLA/ABS material	CO5
LSO 11.2. Apply Reverse Engineering approach to exactly 3D print an existing real object.			

L) Sessional Work/Term Work and Self Learning: [2000511E]

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Perform 3D printing of plastic casing of inhaler used by Asthma patients and estimate the cost.
- 2. Download 5 videos on 3D printing of different components, watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 3. Print two pieces of same components using ABS and PLA and compare their strength, surface roughness, weight, cost.
- 4. Download two 3D printing free software and try to check their compatibility with your lab printer.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
 - Commercially available 3D printers and software.
 - Strength of 3D printed Plastic components as compared to Die cast Plastic components.
 - Properties of PLA and ABS 3D printing materials.
 - Reverse engineering application of 3D Printing.
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby tool room/industry with 3D Printing facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of 3D printing technique used, material used, single component/batch production/mass production and cost of printed component.

- 3. Self learning topics:
 - 3D printing of flexible plastic components.
 - 3D printing of micro/mini components.
 - Conversion of CAD file formats into IGES.
 - 3D scanning process.
- M) Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

			Co	ourse Evalu	ation Matrix		
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Sessional '	Work Asses	sment (SWA)	Lab Assess	ment (LA)#
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Sessiona	al Work & S Assessme	elf Learning nt	Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment
	Class/Mid		Assignments	Micro	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)
	Sem Test			Projects			
CO-1	15%	10%	15%	-	-	20%	20%
CO-2	10%	20%	10%	25%	-	10%	20%
CO-3	15%	20%	15%	25%	33%	15%	20%
CO-4	30%	20%	30%	25%	33%	15%	20%
CO-5	30%	30%	30%	25%	34%	40%	20%
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30
Marks				50	ı		

Legend:

* : Other Activities include self learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

** : Mentioned under point- (N)
: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: For CO attainment calculation Indirect assessment tools like Course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)	
	COs	Marks	Remember	Understanding	Application
	Number(s)		(R)	(U)	& above (A)
Unit-1.0 Additive Manufacturing Introduction and CAD	CO1	12	4	3	5
Unit-2.0 Data Preparation for 3D	CO1, CO2	10	4	2	4
Printing					
Unit-3.0 Additive Manufacturing	CO3, CO4	19	5	5	9
Techniques					
Unit-4.0 Application of 3D Printing	CO3, CO4	10	2	3	5
Unit-5.0 3D Printers and Software	CO4, CO5	19	5	5	9
and Scanners					
	Total Marks	70	20	18	32

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

		Dalawant	F	PLA/ELA	
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfori	mance	Viva-
SIN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA	PDA	Voce
		Number(s)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Develop digital models of following simple components	CO1	30	60	10
	using any CAD software:				
	• Nut				
	Bolt				
	Network cable Jack				
	Coat button				
	• Spoon				
2.	Develop digital models of following assemblies using any	CO1	40	50	10
	CAD software:				
	Connecting Rod				
	• Piston				
	Electric switch				
	Bathroom Tap				
	Mouse				
3.	Download three digital CAD models freely available on web	CO1	30	60	10
	in different formats and then convert them into .stl/obj				
	format.				
4.	Perform slicing operation on one digital model available	CO2	30	60	10
	under each Pr. No.1, 2 and 3.				
5.	Analyse the effect of different process parameters,	CO3, CO4,	30	60	10
	materials on printing time, material required, surface	CO5			
	finish, etc. through simulation using 3D printing software				
_	on sliced models available from Pr. No. 4				
6.	Print one single component on available 3D printer with	CO3, CO4,	30	60	10
_	PLA/ABS material	CO5			10
7.	Print one assembly on available 3D printer with PLA/ABS	CO3, CO4,	30	60	10
	material	CO5	40	F0	10
8.	Model and print a flexible fabric structure with PLA/ABS	CO3, CO4,	40	50	10
	material (assembly of same small pieces to give flexible	CO5			
	fabric effect)				
9.	Change printing process parameters and repeat	CO4, CO5	40	50	10
	experiment number 6.				
10.	Scan the given complex component using available 3D	CO5	40	50	10
	Sanner.				
11.	Print the 3D scanned digital model of Pr. No. 10 on	CO5	30	60	10
	available 3D printer with PLA/ABS material				

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	High end computers	Processor Intel Core i7 with Open GL Graphics Card, RAM 32 GB, DDR3/DDR4, HDD 500 GB, Graphics Card NVIDIA OpenGL 4 GB, OS Windows 10	All
2.	Parametric Computer Aided Design software	CATIA/Solid works/NX/Creo OR Available with CoE	1,2
3.	3D printer	Fused Deposition Modelling system with complete accessories; Build Volume-300 x 300 x 300mm or Higher; Layer Thickness-0.1 – 0.4 OR Available with CoE	6, 7, 8, 10
4.	3D Printing Material	ABS/PLA OR Available with CoE	6, 7, 8, 10
5.	3D Printing software	Latest version of software like: Cura/PrusaSlicer/ideaMaker/Meshmixer/MeshLab OR Available with CoE	3,4
6.	Post processing equipments and tools	Deburring tools (tool handle & deburring blades), Electronic Digital Caliper, Cleaning Needles, Art knife set, Long nose pliers, Flush cutters, Wire brush, Nozzle cleaning kit, Tube cutter, Print removal spatula, Needle file, Cutting mat, Glue stick, Wire stripper etc.	6, 7, 8, 10
7.	3D Scanner and Processing software	Handheld 3D scanner, Accuracy up to 0.1 mm, Resolution up to 0.2 mm, Real time onscreen 3D model projection and processing, Wireless technology with an inbuilt touch screen and battery, Extended field of view for capturing both large and small objects, Processing Software OR Available with CoE	10

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Additive Manufacturing Technologies:	Lan Gibson, David W.	Springer, 2010
	Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital	Rosen, Brent Stucker	ISBN: 9781493921133
	Manufacturing		
2.	Understanding Additive Manufacturing:	Andreas Gebhardt,	Hanser Publisher, 2011
	Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling, Rapid		ISBN: 156990507X, 9781569905074
	Manufacturing		

3.	3D Printing and Design	Sabrie Soloman	Khanna Publishing House, Delhi ISBN: 9789386173768
4.	3D Printing and Rapid Prototyping- Principles and Applications	C.K. Chua, Kah Fai Leong	World Scientific, 2017 ISBN: 9789813146754
	Principles and Applications		13011. 9783813140734
5.	Getting Started with 3D Printing: A	Liza Wallach Kloski, Nick	Make Community, LLC; 2nd edition,
	Hands-on Guide to the Hardware,	Kloski	2021
	Software, and Services Behind the New		ISBN: 9781680450200
	Manufacturing Revolution		
6.	Laser-Induced Materials and Processes	L. Lu, J. Fuh, Y.S. Wong	Kulwer Academic Press, 2001
	for Rapid Prototyping		ISBN: 9781461514695

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me115/preview
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104265/
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b2Od4YHcLAQ
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EF8CNR-gcXo
- 5. https://www.academia.edu/41439870/Education_Resources_for_3D_Printing
- 6. https://www.think3d.in/landing-pages/beginners-guide-to-3d-printing.pdf
- 7. https://all3dp.com/1/types-of-3d-printers-3d-printing-technology/

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

- 1. 3D Printing Projects DK Children; Illustrated edition, 2017
- 2. The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications Ben Redwood, Filemon Schöffer, Brian Garret, 3D Hubs; 1st edition, 2017
- 3. 3D Printer Users' Guide
- 4. 3D Printer Material Handbook
- 5. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. Sharad Pradhan(Coordinator)
- Dr. A. K. Sarathe(Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000505 F / 2000508 F /2000511F

B) Course Title : Industrial Automation (Basic)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Basic Mechanical Engineering, Basic Electrical Engineering, Digital

Electronics and Basic programming skills

D) Rationale

The technological education and research scenario, all over the world, is turning towards a multidisciplinary one. The present scenario is different as compared to the recent past in the sense that the engineering disciplines are now dilating instead of diverging. The primary reason being that the current technological designs are of highly complex and inter-interdisciplinary nature involving synergistic integration of many aspects of engineering knowledge base. Industrial automation has become an essential part of every modern industry. Automation helps industry to increase the productivity, quality, accuracy and precision of industrial processes. Stiff competition, higher quality standards and growing concerns of safety & environmental damage have pushed the Industrial sector to adapt state-of-the-art Automation Techniques for effective utilization of resources and optimized performance of the plants. Today engineer is needed to meet the requirements of designing appropriate automation systems. They should have the knowledge of different fields like PLC and PID based Controller, Instrumentation, Networking, Industrial Drives, SCADA/HMI, High speed data acquisition, etc., to become a successful automation engineer. The discipline Automation is enormous in magnitude. The students passing this course will gain basic understanding about industrial automation and will be prepared to take up the advance course in Industrial automation in next semester.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Apply principles and strategies for automation for a given situation.
- **CO-2** Use sensors and input devices as per given situation.
- **CO-3** Test the given PLC for its functionality.
- **CO-4** Use actuators and output devices as per given situation.
- **CO-5** Test the working of various types of control system and controllers

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix:

Course			Р	rogramme Ou (POs)	tcomes			(amme Sp Outcome SOs) (if a	s
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-	PO-	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-
(COs)	Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	2 Proble m Analysis	3 Design/Dev elopment of Solutions		Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and	Project Management	Life Long Learning	1	2	3
					Environment					
CO-1 Apply principles and strategies for automation for a given situation	3	2	-	2	2	-	2			
CO-2 Use sensors and input devices as pe	er 3	2		2			2			

	Course			P	rogramme Ou (POs)	itcomes			C	amme Sp Outcome SOs) (if a	s
	Outcomes	PO-1	PO-	PO-	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-
	(COs)	Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	2 Proble m Analysis	3 Design/Dev elopment of	Engineering	Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	Project Management	Life Long	1	2	3
	the requirement.			2		-	-				
CO-3	Test the given PLC for its functionality.	3	2	2	2	2	-	2			
CO-4	Use actuators and output devices a per given situation.	3	2	2	2	2	-	2			
CO-5	Test the functionality of various types of control system and controllers	3	2	2	2	-	-	2			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

CourseCode	Course				Scher Stud (Hours)	dies	
	Title	Instr	sroom uction CI) T	Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C) (CI+LI+SW+S L)
2000505 F / 2000508 F/ 2000511F	Industrial Automation (Basic)	02	-	04	02	08	05

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction(Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

 $Notional\ Hours: Hours\ of\ engagement\ by\ learners, other\ than\ the\ contact\ hours\ for\ ensuring\ learning.$

SW: Sessional Work (includesassignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits.

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

			Sche	eme of Asses	sment (Marks)			a
		Theory Ass (TA			nal Work ent (SWA)	Lab Asses (LA		A+LA)
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Sessessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment(PL	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+
2000505F / 2000508F /2000511F	Industrial Automation (Basics)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/ Term work& Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in selflearning,

assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

Theory: 100 marks Practical 50 marks

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others need to be integrated.

Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505 F]

J)

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
component TSO.1.b Explain different types of automation systems TSO.1.c Identify the type of automation used in a given industry TSO.1.d Analyze the working of industrial processes and products for automation. TSO.1.e Select principles and strategies for automation for a given situation using 4R's and 1U TSO.1.f Select criteria for factory automation and processes automation for a given industry. TSO.1.g Describe briefly different systems used for industrial automation.	Types of automation system: Fixed, Programmable, Flexible Integrated Automation and its application Different systems used for Industrial automation:	CO1 Apply principles and strategies for automation for a given situation.
TSO.2.b Distinguish between PLC and a PC, PLC and dedicated controllers. TSO.2.c List the types of PLCs and brands available in the market. TSO.2.d Describe the function of each block of a PLC with the help of a block diagram. TSO.2.e Describe the basic sequence of operation of a PLC with a simple example. TSO.2.f Explain different PLC	Unit-2.0Fundamentals of PLC Introduction to PLC, evolution of PLC Comparison of PLC and Personal Computer (PC) Comparison of PLC and dedicated controllers like PAC and CNC Types of PLC – Fixed, Modular and their types Different brands of PLCs available in the market Building blocks of PLC -CPU, Memory organization, Input-Output modules (Discreteand Analog) Specialty I/O Modules, Power supply PLC programming languages with simple examples: Functional Block Diagram (FBD), Instruction List. Structured text, Sequential Function Chart (SFC), Ladder Programming PLC I/O addressing in ladder logic Simple programming example using ladder logic Applications of PLC: Traffic light control, Elevator control, Motor sequencing control, Tank level control, temperature control, Conveyor system	CO2 Use sensors and input devices as per given situation.

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
	control	Number (s)
along with their symbols. TSO.3.b Draw symbol of various switches used in PLC installations describing the function of each switch. TSO.3.c Identify the various digital input devices used in a PLC installation. TSO.3.d Identify the commonly usedsensors as input field devices found in PLC installations. TSO.3.e Describe the working of different	Analog input devices-Electromagnetic relays, Contactors, Motor starters, Manually operated Switches Toggle switch, pushbutton switch, knife switch and selector switches Mechanically operated switches, Limit switch, Temperature switch (Thermostat), Pressure switch, Level switch and their symbols Discrete/Digital Input device, Constructionand working of Sensors • Proximity sensors- Inductive, Capacitive, Optical and ultrasonic Advanced sensors- Construction and working of • Temperature sensors- Thermistor, Thermocouple and Resistance temperature Detector (RTD) • Liquid level sensor -Capacitive andUltrasonic	Test the given PLC forits functionality
working of a given actuator. TSO.4.c Explain the basic principle of operation of a given actuator. TSO.4.d Differentiate between hydraulic and pneumatic actuators TSO.4.e Explain the basic principle of operation of a given control valve. TSO.4.f Select actuators and valves as per the given requirement for ecofriendly automation. TSO.4.g Develop different hydraulic and pneumatic circuits for simple application. TSO.4.h Identify the commonly usedoutput field devices in PLC installations TSO.4.i Draw the symbol of various output devices used in PLC installations describing the function of each.	cams, gears, belt and chain drives, bearings Hydraulic and Pneumatic actuators- linear and rotary actuators, single and double acting cylinder, directional, process and pressure control valves Electrical actuators • Electromechanical actuators Construction, working and application of Stepper motors, AC/DC Servo motors, BLDC Motor (Very brief) • Electrohydraulic actuators-Construction, working and application of Electrohydrostatic actuator (EHA), ON/OFF Electro-hydraulic Rotary Actuator (E2H90, Control Valve Rotary Actuator (E2HR),	CO 4 Use actuators and output devices as per given situation.

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
	4.6 Magnetic actuators- Construction, working principle and application of Moving coil actuators, moving magnet actuator, Moving iron actuator Selection criteria of actuators Other Output devices- Indicators, Alarms Pilot Lights, Buzzers, Valves, Motor starters, Horns and alarms, Stack lights Control relays, Pumps and Fans.	
diagram TSO.5.b Explain the types of control available in a process control TSO.5.c Describe the different types of controllers in a closed loop system	Block diagram of a basic control system Open and closed loop system, their transfer function First order and second order system and their output response and parameters Different types of inputs-step and ramp Types of control – On-off, Feed forward, Open loop and closed loop control and Transfer function Controllers in closed loop control	Test the working of various types of control system and controllers

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508 F]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S.No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Identify various building blocks and major automation components in a given robotic system LSOs 1.2 Identify various building blocks and major automation components in a given electrical drives	1.	Identify major automation components in a given system	CO1
LSOs 1.3 Analyze and plan the steps to automate the given system.	2.	Analyze given traditional machine in the laboratory for and identify the steps and components required to automate it.	
LSO 1.4. Identify the building blocks of a given typical SCADA system LSO 1.5. Identify the symbol library of SCADA software	3.	Use Scada software for simple application	
LSOs 2.1 Identify the various parts and front panel status indicators of the given PLC.	4.	Observe various parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	CO2

LSOs 2.2 Identify different input and output	5.	Observe different types of switches	
	J.	and their symbols sensors, lamp,	
devices that can be connected to a		alarm, motor, fan used in a PLC	
given PLC.		diami, motor, fair asca in a r LC	
LSOs 2.3 Test the analog input and output lines	6.	Identify Analog input and output	
of the given PLC.		lines of a PLC	
or the given red.			
LSOs 2.4 Test the digital input and outlines of	7.	Identify digital input and output lines	
the given PLC.		of a PLC	
-			
LSOs 2.5 Use PLC to control the devices like	8.	Practice using PLC to control various	
Lamp, Alarm, motor using push button		digital and analog output devices	
switches			
LSO 3.1. Test the response of digital inductive	9.	Identify different types of digital	
proximity sensorused to		inductive proximity sensor and its	соз
detectdifferent types of materials		use	-
150.2.2.7.4.1.1	10	Library are	
LSO 3.2. Test the response of digital capacitive	10.	Identify different types of digital	
proximity sensors used to detect o		capacitive proximity sensor and its	
different materials		use	
LSO 3.3. Test the response of digital optical	11.	Identify different types of digital	
proximity sensor used to detect		optical proximity sensor and its use	
different materials			
unierent materials			
LSO 3.4. Test the response of digital ultrasonic	12.	Identify different types of digital	
proximity sensors used to detect		ultrasonic proximity sensor and its	
different materials		use	
LSO 3.5. Use thermistor to measure	13.	Identify different types of	
temperature of a given material		thermistor and its use	
LSO 3.6. Use Thermocouple to measure the	14.	Observe the conversion of	
temperature of a given liquid and plot		temperature to electric parameter	
the output voltage versus temperature		conversion of a Thermocouple	
ISO 2.7. Use BTD to central the temperature of	15.	Observe different types of DTDs year	
LSO 3.7. Use RTD to control the temperature of	13.	Observe different types of RTDs used in industries for temperature	
an oven		measurement	
		casarement	
LSO 3.8. Use flow sensors to measure the flow	16.	Observe different types of flow	
of a given liquid or gas		sensors used in industries for flow	
2. 2. 6. 2		measurement	
LSO 3.9. Use pressure sensors to measure the	17.	Observe different types of pressure	
pressure of a liquid or gas		sensors used in industries for	
		pressure measurement	
LSO 3.10. Use load cell for measurement of	18.	Observe the different types of load	
mechanical force/weight.		cell used in industries for	
		force/weight measurement	

		ı		1
	esign and actuate pneumatic circuit for lift control	19.	Design and actuate pneumatic/ hydraulic circuit for the given	
LSOs 4.2 D	Design a pneumatic system that rivets		situation	
t	the pockets on jeans			
	esign pneumatic circuit to open and			
	close the security gate and control the			
	speed.			
LSOs 4.4 D	esign a circuit for speed control of			
ŀ	nydraulic motor meter out circuit by			
ι	using 4/3 DC valve.			
LSOs 4.5 D	Design a circuit for speed control of			
C	double acting cylinder meter in by			
ι	using 4/2 dc solenoid valve.			
LSOs 4.6 D	Designing a circuit for speed control of			
C	double acting cylinder meter out by			
	using 4/3 solenoid valve			
LSOs 4.7 [Direct acting of hydraulic motor	20.	Operate hydraulic motor	
LSOs 4.8 (Operate stepper motor and control the	21.	Operate stepper motor	
r	motor by changing number of steps,			
t	the direction of rotation and speed.			
LSOs 4.9 I	dentify the components of thermal	22.	Thermal and magnetic actuators	
	and magnetic actuators available in			
	the laboratory.			
LSOs 4.10	Use thermal and magnetic actuators			
LSOs 5.1	Test the output response of a open	23.	Analyze the given system to study	CO5
	loop closed loop and feed forward		open loop, closed loop and feed	
160 50	path		forward path.	
LSOs 5.2	Build and test the output response of	24.	Analyze the given first order system	
	a first order system for a step input using a CRO		and its transfer function and output response	
LSOs 5.3	Build and test the response of a	25.	Analyze the given second order	
1303 3.3	second order system for a step input	۷۵.	system and its transfer function and	
	usingCRO.Also mark various		output response	
	parameters			
LSOs 5.4	Test the Output response of an on-	26.	Analyze the given water level control	
	off and Proportional control-based		system with on-off, Proportional	
160 5 5	level control system.	27	control.	
LSOs 5.5	Test the Output response pf a P+I+D based level control system.	27.	Analyze the given water level control system with P+I+D control.	
	based level collition system.		System with FTITD COMMON.	

L) Sessional Work and Self Learning: [2000511 F]

- **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
 - i. State three advantages of using programmed PLC timer over mechanical timing relay.
 - ii. Prepare a list of open source PLC software

- iii. Prepare a list of open source SCADA software.
- iv. List the practical applications of PLC systems
- v. List the practical applications of SCADA systems.
- vi. Compare the PLC and PC with regard to:
 - Physical hardware differences
 - Operating environment
 - Method of programming
 - Execution of program
- vii. Prepare classification chart of different types of actuators.
- viii. Differentiate between Nano and micro actuators.

b. Micro Projects:

- **1.** Develop a relay-based motor control automation such that the motor reverses its direction when the limit switches are activated.
- **2.** Develop a simulation to connect analog and digital input to the PLC.
- 3. Develop a simulation to connect analog and digital output to the PLC.
- **4.** Develop a simple automatic water level controller using magnetic float switch.
- **5.** Develop a simple automatic door system using optical sensor and linear actuator.
- **6.** Troubleshoot the faulty equipment/kit available in automation laboratory
- **7.** Select one industry and analyze the process and propose the automation strategies' that can be used for automation.
- **8.** Develop a working model of a given application using given actuators and valves.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics- PLC architecture, Different types of sensors, Industrial Applications of PLC and SCADA
- 2. Visits Visit any industry with full or semi automation and prepare a report on type of automation used.
- **3.** Surveys-Carry out a market/internet survey of PLC and prepare the comparative technicalspecifications of any one type of PLC (Micro or Mini) of different manufacturer.
- **4.** Product Development- Develop a prototype automatic railway crossing system
- Software Development- Download any open source software for PLC and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic PLC programming
- **5.** Surveys carry out market survey for different types of electrical actuators available and prepare the comparative technical specifications of electrical actuators used in industries.
- **6.** Visit industry and prepare a report on different types of hydraulic and pneumatic circuits used by the industry in the given section, components used, power requirement, output achieved and maintenance activities required.

d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Use of PLC for different industrial applications
- 2. Use of sensors in commercial field
- **3.** Use of sensors in home automation
- 4. Compare Specifications of PLCs of different manufacturers of any one type PLC
- M) Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. There sponse/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

		Scheme of Assessment (Marks)							
		Theory Assessment (TA)				Lab Assessment (LA)			
Theory Assessment Assessn		Nork & Self Learning Assessment (SWA) Progressive Lab A (PLA)			sment	End Laboratory Assessment			
	Class/Mid Sem Test		Assignments(s)	Micro Projects	Other Activities*	Process Assessment (PRA)	Product Assessment (PDA)	Viva- Voce	(ELA)#
CO-1	15 %	20%	20 %	100	10 %	45%	35 %	100%	20 %
CO-2	20 %	20%	20 %		15 %	45%	35 %		20 %
CO-3	25 %	20%	20 %		15 %	45%	35 %		20 %
CO-4	25 %	20%	20 %		30 %	45%	35 %		20 %
CO-5	15 %	20%	20 %		30 %	45%	35 %		20 %
Total Marks	20	70	4	4	2	8	8	4	30

Legend:

*: Other Activities include seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: To calculate CO attainment 80% weightage of direct assessment tools and 20% of indirect assessment tools may be taken.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weight age in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	r Relevant			ETA (Marks)		
	COs Number(s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)	
Unit-1.0 Overview of Industrial Automation	CO1	12	4	6	4	
Unit-2.0 Fundamentals of PLC	CO2	17	5	6	6	
Unit-3.0 Sensors and Input field devices	CO3	16	4	6	6	
Unit-4.0 Actuators and output devices	CO4	15	4	5	6	
Unit- 5.0 Control system	CO5	10	3	4	4	
Total Marks	70	20	27	26		

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

S.NO			PL/	A*/ELA* (M	arks)
	Labourtous Duostinal Titles	Relevant COs	Performance		Viva-
	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA (45%)	PDA (45%)	Voce (10 %)
1.	Identify major automation components in a given system	CO1	45 %	35 %	20%
2.	Analyze given traditional machine in the laboratory for and identify the steps and components required to automate it.	CO1	45 %	35 %	20%
3.	Use Scada software for simple application	CO1	45 %	35 %	20%
4.	Observe various parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	CO2	45 %	35 %	20%
5.	Observe different types of switches and their symbols sensors, lamp, alarm, motor, fan used in a PLC	CO2	45 %	35 %	20%
6.	Identify Analog input and output lines of a PLC	CO2	45 %	35 %	20%
7.	Identify digital input and output lines of a PLC	CO2	45 %	35 %	20%
8.	Practice using PLC to control various digital and analog output devices	CO2	45 %	35 %	20%
9.	Identify different types of digital inductive proximity sensor and its use	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
10.	Identify different types of digital capacitive proximity sensor and its use	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
11.	Identify different types of digital optical proximity sensor and its use	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
12.	Identify different types of digital ultrasonic proximity sensor and its use	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
13.	Identify different types of thermistor and its use	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
14.	19. Observe the conversion of temperature to electric parameter conversion of a Thermocouple.	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
15.	Observe different types of RTDs used in industries for temperature measurement	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
16.	Observe different types of flow sensors used in industries for flow measurement	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
17.	Observe different types of pressure sensors used in industries for pressure measurement	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
18.	Observe the different types of load cell used in industries for force/weight measurement	CO3	45 %	35 %	20%
19.	Design and actuate pneumatic/ hydraulic circuit for the given situation	CO4	45 %	35 %	20%
20.	Operate hydraulic motor	CO4	45 %	35 %	20%
21.	Operate stepper motor	CO4	45 %	35 %	20%
22.	Thermal and magnetic actuators	CO4	45 %	35 %	20%
23.	Analyze the given system to study open loop, closed loop and feed forward path.	CO5	45 %	35 %	20%
24.	Analyze the given first order system and its	CO5	45 %	35 %	20%

S.NO			PLA #/ELA # (Marks)		
	Lahayatayı, Drastical Titles	Relevant COs	Performance		Viva-
	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA (45%)	PDA (45%)	Voce (10 %)
	transfer function and output response		(4370)	(4370)	(10 /0)
25.	Analyze the given second order system and its transfer function and output response	CO5	45 %	35 %	20%
26.	Analyze the given water level control system with on-off, Proportional control.	CO5	45 %	35 %	20%
27.	Analyze the given water level control system with P+I+D control.	CO5	45 %	35 %	20%

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubricsneed to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based, Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field Information and CommunicationsTechnology(ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Session, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	SCADA software (reputed make like Allen Bradley, Siemens etc.,)	Ready-to-use symbol library, React and respond in real-time, Real time monitoring, Friendly, manageable, secure, extensible, Easy-to-use, easy to implement, Easy configuration, simplified maintenance, Communication with PLC, easy and flexible alarm definition, data collection and analysis for new and existing systems, easy-to-use for report generation, open access to historical data, different packages available with input/output structure. Open source software SCADA software: like Ellipse/FTVSE/Wonderware/ open SCADA can also be used	3
2.	Universal PLC Training System with HMI (Of reputed make such as Allen bradely, Siemens, etc.,) Compatible with SCADA software	Human Machine Interface (HMI) display, PLC with 16 digital inputs, 16 digital outputs with RS232 communication facility. Open platform to explore wide PLC and HMI applications. Industrial look & feel. Toggle switches, push to ON switch, proximity sensor, visual indicator, audio indicator, and DC motor. Experiments configurable through patch board. Powerful instruction sets. Several sample ladder and HMI programs. PC based ladder and HMI programming. Extremely easy and student friendly software to develop different programs. Easy downloading of programs. Practice troubleshooting skills. Compact tabletop ergonomic design. Robust construction. PLC gateway for cloud connectivity. Open source software like Ladder logic simulator, Pico soft Simulator, Logixpro simulator, Simple EDA tools can also be used	4,5,6,7,8

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
3.	Proximity sensors kit	The kit should comprise of the following proximity sensor - Inductive Proximity Sensor, Capacitive Proximity Sensor, Magnetic Sensor, Optical Sensor, Audio and LED indicator for the object detection. Along with learning material	9,10,11,12
4.	Temperature transducer kit	Temperature Transducers Test Bench includes different types of temperature sensors including bimetallic strip, RTD, thermocouple, thermistor, RTD/thermocouple temperature display and thermistor, temperature display, heater, fan, switches and its indicator. Separate heater and fan chamber with stand. On panel digital voltmeter, digital ammeter, RTD/thermocouple temperature display, NTC temperature display, toggle switch for heater and fan with indicator, experiments configurable through patch board, heavy duty Test bench, castor wheel (with locking mechanism) is provided at legs of Test bench so that it can be easily moved, enhanced electrical safety consideration.	12,13,14
5.	Pressure transducer kit	Pressure transducer kit should include different types of pressure sensors including capacitive pressure transducer, load cell, bourdon tube pressure gauge, and pressure vessel. Pressure vessel with pressure gauge, safety valve, non returning valve bourdon gauge and capacitive transducer and air compressor, on panel digital voltmeter, digital ammeter, 4-20ma display, 0-10V DC display, toggle switch for compressor, load cell withsuitable weight, experiments configurable through patch board, self contained, bench-mounting arrangement, castor wheel (with locking mechanism) is provided at legs of Test bench so that it can be easily moved, enhanced electrical safety consideration. Detailed experiment manual should be supplied with the kit.	16
6.	Flow sensor kit	Turbine flow sensor kit	15
7.	Strain Gauge kit	The kit should provide study of Strain Gauge and their application for measurement of Strain. It should help to study bridge configuration of Strain Gauge and the signal conditioning circuits required to measure strain. It should use cantilever beam arrangement to produce strain on Strain Gauge. The Strain Gauges are firmly cemented to the cantilever at the point wherethe strain is to be measured. Weights are placed on free end of cantilever. Strain developed changes the resistance of Strain Gauge which is detected by full bridge configuration. It should comprise of Seven-segment LED display showing strain in micro strain units. Different weights should be provided to perform linearity and sensitivity experiments. Detailed experiment manual should be supplied with the kit. Test-points to observe input output of each block, onboard gain and offset null adjustment, built in DC Power Supplies, 3½ digits LED display, onboard Cantilever arrangement, high repeatability and reliability The kit should be capable of performing following experiments: • Measuring strain using strain gauges and cantilever assembly. • Determination of linear range of operation of strain measurement. • Determination sensitivity of the kit	17
8.	Cut sections of pumps, actuators, valves and	Suitably cut and mounted on a sturdy base to show the internal details.	18

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
	accessories used in hydraulic systems		
9.	Working models of pumps, actuators, valves and accessories used in hydraulic systems	Working models mounted on sturdy base to demonstrate the operation.	18
10.	Working models of pumps, actuators, valves and accessories used in pneumatic systems	Working models mounted on sturdy base to demonstrate the operation.	18
11. 8	Oil Hydraulic trainer	 Mounted on sturdy base fitted with all standard units and accessories to create various hydraulic circuits. Hydraulic trainer with simulation software Pneumatic trainer with simulation software Filter Regulator Combination with Lubricator (FRL Unit) with pressure gauge, Junction Box with slide valve, Push Button Valve, 3/2 NC Roller lever valve ,3/2 NC Roller lever valve ,5/2 Double external pilot operated valve, 5/2 External pilot operated valve with spring return, 5/2 Hand lever with spring return, 5/2 Hand lever with detent – for maintained pilot operation of a SAC, 5/2 Valve with Lever head, 5/2 Value with Mushroom head, Flow control valve – Metering IN & OUT, Shuttle Valve (OR valve), Quick Exhaust Valve with Quick coupler plug Double Acting Cylinder (DAC) with Quick coupler socket (with accessories: Screw driver – for cushioning adjustment), Single Acting Cylinder (SAC), Swivel fitting assembly with Quick coupler plug, Multi distributor fittings (for cascading circuit designing) Single Solenoid Valve with Spring Return (with LED), Double Solenoid Valve (with LED), Magnetic Reed Switch, Magnetic Reed Switch, Relay Logic Unit – 2C/0-3 relays, Electrical Push Button Unit, Electrical Selector Switch Unit, Timer 	18
12.	Pneumatic Trainer	 Mounted on sturdy base fitted with all standard units and accessories to create various Pneumatic circuits. Pneumatic trainer with simulation software Filter Regulator Combination with Lubricator (FRL Unit) with pressure gauge, Junction Box with slide valve Push Button Valve, 3/2 NC Roller lever valve, 3/2 NC Roller lever valve, 5/2 Double external pilot operated valve (Memoryvalve) 5/2 External pilot operated valve with spring return, 5/2 Hand lever with spring return, 5/2 Hand lever valve with detent, 5/2 Valve with Lever head ,5/2 Value with Mushroom head,	18

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
13.	Advanced Electro - Hydraulic and Electro - Pneumatic Hardware systems with work stations and simulation software	 Electro - Hydraulic and Electro - Pneumatic Hardware systems with PLC and simulation software Profile plate, Frame with Castor Wheels, Filter, Lubricator, Regulator with pressure gauge, Hand Slide Valve, Connection component set, Plastic Tubing, Power Supply & cables, Pressure Gauge, 3/2 Way double solenoid valve 	18
14.	Output devices	Servomotor, DC motor, AC motor, stepper motor, Conveyer Belt control by PLC, water level control etc.	18,19,20
15.	Thermal actuators	Hot-And-Cold-Arm Actuators, Chevron-Type Actuators	21
16.	Magnetic actuators	Moving Coil Controllable Actuators, Moving Iron Controllable Actuator	21
17.	Open and closed loop control system kit	Open and closed loop system kit should be able to measure the output response using CRO	22
18.	First and second order control system	First and second order system with input and output terminals provision	23,24
19.	Process control system with feed forward path kit	Process control system with feed forward path kit with input and output terminals provision	22
20.	PID Controller Test Bench	PID Controller Test Bench is a complete setup to control process through two-point (on/off) and three-point (PID) controllers. Industrial PID controller with RS485 communication facility, Thermocouple temperature sensor, Float switch for detection of water level, Temperature measurement and control, Userfriendly software, USB Interface, Heavy duty Test bench, Electrical control panel, Leak proof sturdy piping and tanks, SS Sump tank for inlet and outlet of water, Enhanced electricalsafety considerations, Caster wheel (with locking mechanism) at the legs of Testbench for easy movement.	25,26

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Introduction to Programmable Logic Controllers	Dunning, G.	Thomson /Delmar learning, New Delhi, 2005, ISBN13: 9781401884260
2.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Petruzella, F.D.	McGraw Hill India, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN: 9780071067386
3.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Hackworth, John; Hackworth, Federic	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130607188
4.	Industrial automation and Process control	Stenerson Jon	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130618900
5.	Programmable Logic Controller	Jadhav, V. R.	Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 2017, ISBN: 9788174092281
6.	Programmable Logic Controllers and Industrial Automation - An introduction,	Mitra, Madhuchandra; Sengupta, Samarjit,	Penram International Publication, 2015, ISBN: 9788187972174
7.	Control System	Nagrath & Gopal	New Age International Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 9789386070111, 9789386070111
8.	Linear Control Systems with MATLAB Applications, Publisher:	Manke, B. S.	Khanna Publishers, ISBN: 9788174093103, 9788174093103
9.	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	Boyar, S. A.	ISA Publication, USA, ISBN: 978-1936007097
10.	Practical SCADA for industry,	Bailey David ; Wright Edwin	Newnes (an imprint of Elsevier), UK 2003, ISBN:0750658053

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. Process Automation Control- online Tutorial: www.pacontrol.com
- 2. PLC product: www.seimens.com
- 3. www.ab.rockwellautomation.com
- 4. PLC product: www.abb.co.in
- 5. Different product of PLC and Peripherals, Smart Tile CPU Board, All in one lighting energycontroller, Classic PLC www.triplc.com
- 6. Simulation software:http://plc-training-rslogix-simulator.soft32.com/free-download/
- 7. Simulator:www.plcsimulator.net/
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y2eWdLk0-Ho&list=PLIn3BHg93SQ_X5rPjqP8gLLxQnNSMHuj-
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=86CrhxgAKTw

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. Vandana Somkuwar(Coordinator)
- Dr. C. S. Rajeshwari(Co-coordinator)

**

A) Course Code : 2000505G / 2000508G / 2000511G

B) Course Title : Electric Vehicle (Basic)

C) Prerequisite Course(s) :
D) Rationale :

Fossil fuel consumption and its adverse impact on the environment have led most nations in the world to adopt electric vehicles for mobility. Most automobile companies are switching from internal combustion engines to electric, a cleaner, and more sustainable alternative. But, in the present scenario, the automobile industries are facing a shortage of skilled technicians needed for the transition to electric drives as the primary source of motive power. There is a huge skill gap between industry and academia when it comes to the task of taking the entire automobile industry towards electric mobility. Therefore, this basic course on an electric vehicles is included in the curriculum of the diploma programme as an open elective course to fill this gap and gain a basic understanding of the importance and necessity of electric vehicles. This course tends to enable participants with multidisciplinary exposure and give them a brief idea about electric vehicles, and their importance. This course gives some basic technical foundations regarding electric vehicles to help them move on to advanced electric vehicle courses.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of the following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- **CO-1** Classify the EVs based on configurations.
- **CO-2** Identify relevant Motors for the given EV application.
- **CO-3** Test the performance of batteries used for EV applications.
- **CO-4** Distinguish between the EV Charging stations based on their Configurations.
- **CO-5** Follow regulatory requirements and policies for EV Industry.

F) Course Articulation Matrix:

Programme Outcomes (POs) Course									Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)(if any)		
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3 Design/	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-	
(COs)	Basic and Discipline- Specific Knowledge	Problem Analysis	Development of Solutions	Engineering Tools	Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	Project Management	Life Long Learning	1	2	3	
CO-1Classify the EVs based on configurations	3	2	-	2	2	-	3				
CO-2Identify relevant Motors for the given EV application.	3	2	2	2	2	1	3				
CO-3Test the performance of batteries used	2	2	3	3	2	2	3				

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)(if any)								
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline- Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis		PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO-
for EV applications										
CO-4Distinguish between the EV Charging stations based on their configurations	2	2	1	2	2	1	2			
regulatory requirements and policies for EV Industry.	1	1	-	-	3	1	2			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

CourseCode	Course	Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week)					
CourseCode	Course Title	Instru	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C)
		L	Т				
2000505G / 2000508G / 2000511H	Electric Vehicles (Basic)	02	-	04	02	08	05

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/ implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem-based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances in the laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work/Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro-projects, industrial visits, any other student activities, etc.)

SL: Self-Learning, MOOCs, Spoken Tutorials, Open Educational Resources (OERs)

C: Credits= (1 x Cl hours) + (0.5 x Ll hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of the teacher to ensure the outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

			S	cheme of Ass	essment (Mark	(s)		
		Theory Assessment (TA)			nal Work ent (SWA)	Lab Asse (L	/A+LA)	
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+
2000505G / 2000508G / 2000511G	Electric Vehicles (Basic)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in the classroom (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/Term work& Self-Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self-learning,

assignments, Seminars, micro-projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is a must for progressive and end-semester assessment for both theory and practical.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at the course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to the attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020-related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505G]

N	Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1b. S	information.	Unit-1.0Introduction to Electric Vehicle Review of Conventional Vehicle Engine System Electric Vehicle (EV)	CO1
TSO 2a.	Explain the general characteristics of motors used in EV	Unit-2.0 Electric Motors used in EVs Electric Motors for EV applications	CO2
TSO 2b. TSO 2c.	List different types of motors used in EV Explain the working principles of motors used in	 General Characteristics of motors Types of Motors: DC, Brushless DC, 	

N	Najor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 2d.	EV applications Interpret the nameplate ratings of the motors for EV applications.	Induction, Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motors, Switched Reluctance Motors	
TSO 2e.	Explain the motor selection criteria for particular EV applications.	Rating of Motors Selection Criteria	
TSO 2f.	Describe the Mechanical and Electrical Connections of Motors.	Physical Location Connection of Motors: Mechanical Connections and Electrical Connections	
TSO 3a. TSO 3b.	List the batteries used in EVs for energy storage State various parameters related to batteries used in EV applications.	Unit- 3.0 EV Batteries and Energy Storages Types of Batteries: Lead Acid, Nickel Based, Lithium Based	CO3
TSO 3c.	Explain the charging and discharging process of the given batteries.	Battery Parameters Charging (AC) and Discharging(DC) Process	
TSO 3d.	Explain the salient features of Lithium Ion batteries	Lithium Ion Batteries Fuel Cells, Fuel Cell Storage System	
TSO 3e.	Explain the Fuel Cell Storage System.	Battery Condition Monitoring	
TSO 3f.	Identify various sensors installed for monitoring Battery condition.	Battery Management System (BMS) • Need of BMS	
TSO 3g.	Explain Battery Management System in EV using Block Diagram.	 Block Diagram of BMS Battery Disposal and Recycling 	
TSO 3h.	Describe the procedure of battery Disposal and Recycling		
TSO 4a.	Identify different types of diodes and transistors.	Unit- 4.0 EV Charging Systems Power electronics in EV	CO4
TSO 4b.	Describe the testing procedure for the given Diode and Transistor.	Power electronics componentsRectifiers	
TSO 4c.	Explain the working principles of the given power electronic converter circuit.	DC to DC ConverterDC to AC Converter	
TSO 4d.	Describe the types of Charging Systems	Charging System	
TSO 4e.	Describe different Components of the Charging System	Types of charging SystemsComponents of Charging Systems	
TSO 4f.	Explain the working of the Charging System using a single-line diagram.	 Single line Diagram of Charging System 	
TSO 5a.	Understand the Rules and Regulations set by the Government for selecting and manufacturing various components of an electric vehicle.		CO5
TSO 5b.	Understand the Policies for E-Vehicles.	government for the designer/manufacturer	
TSO 5c.	Appreciate the importance of the reduction of greenhouse gases in the environment.	of EVs. Policies in India	
	O. Comments	Global Policies for E- Vehicles. Carbon Footprint Issues	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508G]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 2.1	Use the relevant digital meter for the given application.	1.	 Practice using digital meters such as AC, DC Clamp Meters, Digital Multimeters, 	CO1
LSO 2.2	Use a measuring instrument for the given application.		Lux Meters, etc. • Practice using Screw Driver Kit, Vernier	
LSO 2.3	Use safety kits while working in the			

Р	ractical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
	laboratory.		Caliper, Micrometer, Ampere Meter, Voltage Meter, and Techno-meter. • Practice using safety kits.	
LSO 2.1	Identify the motors used in EV applications	2.	Identification of motors used in EVs	CO2
LSO 2.2	Identify the given motor terminals			
LSO 3.1	Identify the batteries available in the	3.	 Testing of Batteries used in EVs 	CO3
	laboratory.			
LSO 3.2	Measure an open circuit voltage of the			
	given battery.			
LSO 3.3	Determine the Ampere -Hour Capacity of			
	the given battery with a given load.			
LSO 3.4	Test the performance of the given battery			
	with different charging rates and at			
	different ambient temperatures			
LSO 3.5	Demonstrate the effect on the state of			
	health of the battery after several charge/			
	discharge cycles.			
LSO 3.6	Evaluate the temperature cut-off point for		Battery Management System	
	the given BMS.			
LSO 4.1	Identify the Electrical & Electronics	4.	Power electronic circuits	CO4
	components available in the laboratory			
	using Digital Multimeters.			
LSO 4.2	Test the given power electronic			
	components using digital meters			
LSO 4.3	Identify the given Power Electronic Circuits			
	used in EVs			
LSO 4.4	Identify the components of the Charging		 Identification of Charging systems 	
	System			
LSO 4.5	Recognize the types of Charging Systems			
	available in the Laboratory			

L) Sessional Work and Self-Learning: [2000511G]

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Collect the information related to the performance of different types of electric vehicles and prepare a comparative report on economic and environmental analysis.
- 2. Collect specifications of different EVs available in the market.
- 3. Build and test a prototype circuit of converters used in an electric vehicle.
- 4. Visit a nearby Electric vehicle showroom or service centre & collect information on different types of motors used in electric vehicles and prepare a comparative report on their performance,
- 5. Visit a nearby charging station and prepare a report describing the layout and components of the charging station.

c. Other Activities:

- **1.** Seminar Topics:
 - Communication Systems, Sensors and batteries used in Evs.
 - Technological advances in Evs
 - Comparison of EVs manufactured by different companies.
 - 2. **Surveys** Survey the market and gather information on the electric vehicle manufacturers and submit the report.
 - 3. **Product Development** Develop an electric vehicle prototype using locally procured hardware components.

d. Self-learning topics:

- Global Manufacturers of EV
- Indian Manufacturers of EV

- Motors used in EV
- Batteries used in EV
- Cost comparison of EVs in market
- **M)** Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use the appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage, in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate **CO attainment.**

			C	ourse Evalua	ation Matrix			
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Sessional	Work Asses	sment (SWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#		
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Sessiona	al Work & Se Assessmer	•	Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment	
	Class/Mid	` '		ents Micro Other Activities*		(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Sem Test			Projects				
CO-1	10%	10%	20%		33%	10%	20%	
CO-2	15%	10%	20%		33%	15%	20%	
CO-3	15%	30%	20%		34%	15%	20%	
CO-4	30%	30%	20%	50%		30%	20%	
CO-5	30%	20%	20% 50%			30%	20%	
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30	
Marks				50	1			

Legend:

*: Other Activities include seminars, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point#: Mentioned under

point

Note: For CO attainment calculation, Indirect assessment tools like Course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use the appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage, in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit Title and Number	Relevant	Total			
	COs Number(s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)
Unit-1.0 Introduction to Electric Vehicle	CO1	12	3	5	4
Unit-2.0 Electric Motors used in EVs.	CO2	15	4	6	5
Unit- 3.0 EV Batteries and Energy Storages.	CO3	20	5	9	5
Unit- 4.0 EV Charging Systems	CO4	15	5	6	4
Unit- 5.0 Regulatory Requirements and Policies for EV Industry	CO5	8	3	3	3
Total Marks		70	20	29	21

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question papers for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

		Relevant		PLA/ELA			
S.	Laboratory Drastical Titles	COs	Performance		Viva-		
N.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA	PDA	Voce		
		Number (3)	(%)	(%)	(%)		
1	Practice using digital meters such as AC, DC Clamp Meters, Digital						
	Multimeters, Lux Meters, etc.						
2	Practice using Screw Driver Kit, Vernier Caliper, Micrometer,	CO1	30	-	20		
	Ampere Meter, Voltage Meter, and Techno-meter.						
3	Practice using safety kits.						
4	Identification of motors used in EV	CO2	15	40	30		
5	Testing of Batteries used in EVs	CO3	15	40	30		
6	Battery Management System	CO3					
7	Power electronic circuits	CO4	40	20	20		
8	Identification of Charging systems	CO4					

Note: This table can be used for both the end semester as well as progressive assessment of practicals. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student's performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Labs, and Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT)Based, Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical
			Number
1.	AC, DC Clamp Meters	Application: Non-contact AC/DC Voltage and Current	1
		measurement	
		AC Application: Current: 0-200Amp, Voltage: 0-600Volt	
		DC Application: Current: 4-20mA, Voltage: 0-30Volt.	
2.	Digital Multimeters	Display: 4 ½ digit	1, 3
		Indications: overload protection, polarity indication, over	
		range indication.	
		Auto range change and auto polarity change facility, auto	
		display of polarity and decimal point.	
		DC : Volt: 200mV-600V, Current: 200mA-2A	
		AC: Volt: 200mV-1000V, Current: 200mA-2A	
		Resistance: 200W-20mW, Power supply: 230V, 50Hz	
		Battery operation: 9 Volt battery	
		Electronic components testing facility should be provided	
		in the Multimeter.	
		A provision for an A.C. adaptor(eliminator) must be	
		available along with the multimeter.	
3.	Lux Meters	Functions: MAX / MIN, Backlight, Auto Power Off	1
		Range: 0 ~ 200,000 lux 0 ~ 20,000 fc	
		Accuracy: ± 5% rdg + 10 dgt (< 10.000 lux / fc) ± 10% rdg +	

S. Name of Equipment, Tools and Software		Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
		10 dgt (>10.000 lux / fc)	
		Resolution: 0.1 lux or 0.1 fc	
		Accessories: Carrying Case, Installation Manual, 9V Battery (installed).	
4.	Screw Driver toolbox	All types of screw drive sets.	1
5.	Vernier Caliper	Range: Lower scale: 0-200mm, Upper Scale: 0-12inch Vernier Resolution: Lower Scale: 0.02mm, Upper Scale: 0.001inch	1
6.	Micrometer	0-25mm (inside/outside)	1
7.	Ampere Meter	Moving iron and Moving Coil	1
8.	Voltmeter	AC(0-250V)/DC(0-24V)	1
9.	Tachometer	For speed measurement (0-3000rpm)	1
10.	Resistors	Low-value Resistors of different types	1,4
11.	Capacitors	Low-value electrolyte Capacitors.	1,4
12.	Inductors	Low-value inductors.	1,4
13.	Safety Kit	First Aid Kit, Helmet, Face Mask, Gloves etc.	1
14.	Motors for Electric Vehicle application	Brushless DC, Induction, Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motors, Switched Reluctance Motors	2
15.	EV Machine Cut-out section	for demonstration & training	2
16.	EV mock layout	for demonstration & training	2
17.	Lithium Ion Battery	12V, 7Ah	3
18.	Lead-acid battery	12V, 7Ah	3
19.	Nickel-based batteries (metal hydride and cadmium battery).	12V, 7Ah	3
20.	Battery internal resistance meter	For O.C. voltage & internal battery resistance of each cell	3
21.	Cell Capacity tester	Up to 15V batteries and 3A load current, 10mV voltage and 1mA current resolution, Automatic detection of termination voltage, LED display with a 3-button interface.	3
22.	BMS setup	For Demonstration & training	3
23.	DC power supply	0-32V	3
24.	Power diodes	Power diodes of different current values.	1, 4
25.	Transistors	Power Transistors (NPN, PNP) for Low-frequency high- power applications.	1,4
26.	Voltage Sensors	0-12 Volts.	1,3,4

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
27.	Current Sensors	Volts: + 15v, 0-5v, Current: 4-20mA.	1,3,4
28.	Converter Models	DC to DC and DA to AC converter model	4
29.	Charging Station Simulator	For Demonstration & training purposes.	4
30.	EV Technology layout 3D poster with frame	Fuel cell, EV- Charging Systems, HEV, FCEV, Motors & Controllers etc.	3,4

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Handbook on Electric Vehicles Manufacturing (E-Car, Electric Bicycle, E- Scooter, E-Motorcycle, Electric Rickshaw, E- Bus, Electric Truck with Assembly Process, Machinery Equipments & Layout)	P.K. Tripathi	Niir Project Consultancy Services; 1st edition (1 January 2022) ISBN-13: 978-8195676927
2.	Electric Vehicles: And the End of the ICE age	Anupam Singh	Kindle Edition ASIN: B07R3WFR28
3.	Wireless Power Transfer Technologies for Electric Vehicles (Key Technologies on New Energy Vehicles)	Xi Zhang, Chong Zhu, Haitao Song	Springer Verlag, Singapore; 1st ed. 2022 edition (23 January 2022) ISBN-13: 978-9811683473
4.	Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles	EHSANI	CRC Press; Third edition (1 January 2019)ISBN-13: 978-0367137465
5.	Electric Powertrain: Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles	John G. Hayes, G. Abas Goodarzi	Wiley; 1st edition (26 January 2018) ISBN-13: 978-1119063643
6.	New Perspectives on Electric Vehicles	Marian Găiceanu (Editor)	IntechOpen (30 March 2022) ISBN-13 : 978-1839696145

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-systems
- 2. https://powermin.gov.in/en/content/electric-vehicle
- 3. https://www.iea.org/reports/electric-vehicles
- 4. https://www.oercommons.org/search?f.search=Electric+Vehicles

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team(NITTTR)

- Dr. A. S. Walkey(Coordinator)
- Dr. S. S. Kedar(Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000505 H / 2000508 H / 2000511H

B) Course Title : Robotics (Basics)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) :
D) Rationale :

Currently, industries demand non-stop and fine quality work in different processes used. It is difficult for the human beings to give same quantity and quality of work with respect to time, environment and complexity of the work in any process industry. To get quality and quantity of work in toughest environment or the environment which is not suitable for the humans to work, industries demand for robots and its operator. Operators who will operate these robots need some basic knowledge of robotics. To fulfill the need of industries and looking to the advancement in technology, this course aims for the diploma engineers to have knowledge and skills in robotics.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/ laboratory/ workshop/ field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

Select robots for given applications employing basic concepts of design and functions of robots.

Interpret co-ordinate systems and degree of freedom for robots.

Use sensors and drives in context of various robotic applications.

Select appropriate robot control techniques,

Use programs to operate robots.

F) Course Articulation Matrix:

			Progra	Programme Specific							
	(POs)										
Course			(PSOs) (if any)								
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-	PSO-	PSO-	
(COs)	Basic and	Problem	Design/Development	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life	1	2	3	
	Discipline	Analysis	of Solutions	Tools	Practices for	Management	Long				
	Specific				Society,		Learning				
	Knowledge				Sustainability						
					and						
					Environment						
CO-1	3	-	3	-	2	2	2				
	3	2	1	2	-	-	-				
CO-2	3	2	1	2	2	-	2				
CO-3	3	1	1	2	-	-	-				
CO-4	3	2	3	3	2	3	2				

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Scheme of Studies:

		Scheme of Studies (Hours/Week)								
Course Code	Course Title	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (SW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+SW+SL)	Total Credits(C)			
		L	T							
2000505H/ 2000508H/ 2000511H	Robotics (Basics)	02	-	04	02	08	05			

Legend: CI:

Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

SW: Sessional Work/Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, open educational resources (OERs)

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: SW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Scheme of Assessment:

Scheme of Assessment (Marks)								A)
		Theory Assessment (TA)		Sessional Work Assessment (SWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		VA+L
Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Progressive Sessional Work Assessment (PSWA)	End Sessional Work Assessment (ESWA)	Progressive Lab Assessment(PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+SWA+L
2000505H / 2000508H / 2000511H	Robotics (Basics)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

SWA: Sessional Work/Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in self learning, assignments, Seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.

Note: Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing:

This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Sessional Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units: [2000505H]

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Explain the basic terms used in robotics TSO 1b. Identify components used in robots. TSO 1c. Explain various types of movements. TSO 1d. Distinguish various robots' configurations and their workspace. TSO 1e. Evaluate the degrees of freedom of the given robot. TSO 1f. Specify the methods of conversion of the given linear motion into rotary motion and vice-versa. TSO 1g. List the criteria for selecting robot for the given simple application with justification.	 Unit-1.0 Basics of Robotics Systems 1.1 Definition, need, brief history of robotics 1.2 Basic Robot terminology, configuration and its working 1.3 Robot components overview - Manipulator, End effecters, Drive system, Controller, Sensors 1.4 Basic structure of a Robot and Classification – Cartesian, Cylindrical, Spherical, Horizontal articulated (SCARA), Parallel; Mechanic alarm, Degree of freedom, Links and joints, Wrist rotation, Mechanical transmission-pulleys, belts, gears, harmonic drive (gear box) 1.5 Linear and Rotary motion and its devices 1.6 Selection criteria for robots 	CO1,CO2

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 2a. Explain the working of various types of End effecters used in robots with diagram. TSO 2b. Explain with sketches the function of the given sensing device used in a robot. TSO 2c. Describe working of the given sensor used in robot. TSO 2d. Explain the given robot configuration. TSO 2e. Select relevant robot sensors for a given application with justification. TSO 2f. Describe robot machine vision concepts along with block diagram of robot vision system. TSO 2g. Select vision equipment for a given robotic application.	Unit- 2.0 Robot Components 2.1 End effecters: types, sketches, working and applications 2.2 Sensing and Feedback devices: Optical sensors, Proximity sensors, LVDT, Thermocouple, RTD, Thermistor, Force sensing — strain gauge, Piezoelectric, Acoustic sensing Feedback devices; Potentiometers; Optical encoders; DC tachometers; 2.3 Robot machine vision: Block diagram of robot vision system, Vision equipment-camera, Imaging Components: Point, Line, Planar and Volume Sensors, Image processing, Part recognition and range detection	CO3
TSO 3a. Explain with sketches the function of the specified actuator used in a robot. TSO 3b. Differentiate between open loop and closed loop systems. TSO 3c. Explain various robotic controls. TSO 3d. Describe block diagrams of the given control system. TSO 3e. Specify drive system used for robotic control as per requirement. TSO 3f. Differentiate the various robot path controls. TSO 3g. Justify the selection of actuators, drives, control system, AC servo motor and path control for making of a robot.	 Unit- 3.0 Robotic Drive System and Controller 3.1 Actuators; Hydraulic, Pneumatic and Electrical drives; linear actuator; Rotary drives 3.2 Control systems: Open loop and close loop with applications and its elements, Servo and non-servo control systems – Types, basic principles and block diagram Robot controller; Level of Controller 3.3 AC servo motor; DC servo motors and Stepper motors; 3.4 Robot path control: Point to point, Continuous path control and Sensor based path control 	CO4
TSO 4a. Explain various robot programming languages. TSO 4b. Programme robot for a given simple job. TSO 4c. Describe the procedure to simulate the given robot movements using the relevant software.		CO5
TSO 5a. Select a robot for the given application.	Unit- 5.0 Robotics Applications and Maintenance aspects	CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)		Units	Relevant COs
			Number(s)
TSO 5b. Describe various applications of	5.1	Application robots including	
Robotics.		special types	
TSO 5c. Explain safety norms in robot handling.	5.2	Robot maintenance: Need and types	
TSO 5d.Describe maintenance procedure for the	5.3	Common troubles and remedies in	
given robot.		robot operation.	
TSO 5e. Describe common problems in robot	5.4	General safety norms, aspects and	
operations and suggest remedial action.		precautions in robot handling	
. 30			

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical [2000508H]

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes(LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Identify parts of Robot on the basis of function. 1.2 Identify joint type & link parameters (link length, link twist, and Link offset), rotational vs. linear motion, used in robot.	1.	Identify components and different configurations of robots.	CO1
LSOs 2.1 Identify different types of robot end effecters. 2.2 Use Mechanical grippers to hold objects. 2.3 Use Vacuum grippers to hold objects.	2.	Pick/hold different objects (shape/weight/stiffness) using robot end effecters.	CO1, CO2
LSOs 3.1 Assemble the complete robot using the components as per the procedure 3.2 Apply the functionalities available in rotor trainer kit. 3.3 Test for various configurations. 3.4 Test for various degrees of freedom.	3.	Assemble robot to test various configurations and degrees of freedom using robot trainer kit.	CO1, CO2
LSOs 4.1 Identify various types of sensors used in robotic application. 4.2 Measure angular motion using Synchros. 4.3 Detect objects using optical sensors.		Use different types of robotic sensors for a specific situation.	CO3
LSOs 5.1 Interface stepper motor. 5.2 Control robot with stepper motor interfacing.	5.	Perform robot control with stepper motor interfacing	CO3
LSOs 6.1 Draw the labelled sketch of individual parts and robot arm. 6.2 Assemble the arm using the parts as per the procedure. 6.3 Interface the motor drive and operate.	6.	Assemble robot arms using mechanical transmission components and interface motor drive.	CO2, CO3

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes(LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 7.1 Use open source or available relevant software to develop pick and place programme. 7.2 Perform simulation.	7.	Perform pick and place operation using Simulation Control Software.	CO5
LSOs 8.1 Develop programme for using a robot arm with three degrees of freedom. 8.2 Execute the programme.	8.	Perform 2D simulation of a 3 DOF robot arm.	CO2, CO4, CO5
LSOs 9.1 Apply stepper motor control with direction control and step control logic simulation. 9.2 Perform basic PLC programming 9.3 Develop ladder logic programs 9.4 Use programming timers	9.	Programme 5-axis Robotic arm to control various motions.	CO3, CO4, CO5
LSOs 10.1Develop a program for a simple application. 10.2 Execute the robot programme.	10.	Program to execute a simple robot application (like painting, straight welding) using a given configuration.	CO4, CO5

L) Sessional Work and Self Learning: [2000511H]

- **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
- **b. Micro Projects:** A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects that match the COs could be added by the concerned course teacher. The student should strive to identify eco-friendly or recycled material prior to selection for robotic applications.
 - 1. Develop stair climb robot using robotic components.
 - 2. Develop RF controller robot using robotic components.
 - 3. Develop robot for metal detection application using robotic components.
 - 4. Develop line follower robot using robotic components.
 - 5. Develop solar floor cleaner robot using robotic components.
 - 6. Develop solar tracker system using robotic components.

	Course Evaluation Matrix										
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Sessional '	Work Asses	sment (SWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#					
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Sessiona	al Work & S Assessme	elf Learning nt	Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment				
	Class/Mid		Assignments	Micro	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)				
	Sem Test			Projects							
CO-1	20%	20%	20%	10%	25%	10%	20%				
CO-2	20 %	25%	20%	10%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-3	25%	25%	20%	25%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	15%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-5	15%	10%	20%	40%		30%	20%				
Total	30	70	20 20		10	20	30				
Marks				50	1						

7. Develop a greenhouse managing robot for a horticulture application.

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics: Recent developments in the field of robotics

- 2. Visits: Visit an automation industry and prepare report for various types of robots employed there and details of any one type of special purpose robot used
- 3. Case Study: Identify a robotic application in automobiles and present a case study
- 4. Self learning topics:
 - History of industrial robot
 - Sociological consequences of Robots
- **M)** Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

Legend:

- * : Other Activities include self learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.
- ** : Mentioned under point- (N)
 # : Mentioned under point-(O)

Note: For CO attainment calculation, Indirect assessment tools like Course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and sessional work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

Unit	Number and Title	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)	
		COs	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding	Application
		Number(s)			(U)	& above (A)
Unit-1.0	Basics of Robotics Systems	CO1,CO2	20	7	7	5
Unit-2.0	Robot Components	CO2,CO3	16	3	8	5
Unit-3.0	Robotic Drive System and Controller	CO3,CO4	12	4	4	5
Unit- 4.0	Introduction to Robot Programming	CO5	10	2	4	4
Unit-5.0	Robotics Applications and Maintenance aspects	CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4	12	4	4	4
		Total Marks	70	20	27	23

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Specification Table for Laboratory (Practical) Assessment:

			F		
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Performance		Viva-
No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA	PDA	Voce
			(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Identify components and different configurations of robots.	CO1	30	50	20
2.	Pick/hold different objects (shape/weight/stiffness) using robot end effecters.	CO1, CO2	60	30	10
3.	Assemble robot to test various configurations and degrees of freedom using robot trainer kit.	CO1, CO2	70	20	10
4.	Use different types of robotic sensors for a specific situation.	CO3	60	30	10
5.	Perform robot control with stepper motor interfacing	CO3	70	20	10
6.	Assemble robot arms using mechanical transmission components and interface motor drive.	CO2, CO3	60	30	10
7.	Perform pick and place operation using Simulation Control Software.	CO5	70	20	10
8.	Perform 2D simulation of a 3 DOF robot arm.	CO2, CO4, CO5	60	30	10
9.	Programme 5-axis Robotic arm to control various motions.	CO3, CO4, CO5	60	30	10
10.	Program to execute a simple robot application (like painting, straight welding) using a given configuration.	CO4, CO5	60	30	10

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based Learning,

Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.No. No.	Name of Equipment,	Broad	Relevant Experiment/
	Tools and Software	Specifications	Practical Number
1.	Programmable Robot trainer kit	Trainer kit with - Minimum 3 linkages, Minimum 4 degree of freedom, Mechanical end effecter with servo control, interfacing card (RC servo output, sensors input)	1,2,3
2.	Robotic Arm Control Trainer Kit	botic Arm with five axis control application through PLC.; PLC; Digital Inputs: 8 Nos with 4mm banana sockets for getting the external inputs; Digital Outputs: 6 Nos with 4mm banana sockets for applying the inputs; Digital Input Controls: On board Toggle switches, Push Buttons & input potentiometers; Digital Outputs Controls: 6 nos. on board LED indicators; PC interfacing facility through RS-232.	8,9
3.	Proximity trainer kit	Indicator Type:LED; PCB Type Glass Epoxy SMOBC PCB; Interconnections: 2mm banana Patch cords; On board DC motor to see the application of Proximity sensor. Test points to analyse the signal On board variable supply to vary the speed of DC motor. ON/OFF switch and LED for power indication. All interconnections to be made using 2mm banana Patch cords. User manual and patch cords. Built-in power supply. Robust enclosure wooden/plastic box.	4
4.	Robot - Line Tracking Mous Kit		3, 4,5
5.	Intelligent Robot Actuator Module	Integrity Serial Bus System, CAN to Build Intelligent Device Network, Open Hardware Platform, Arduino, to control Robot sub-Systems of motor-sensor, movable Omni Wheel of Omni-Directional, Actuator operation control by DC Encoder Motor, DC-Motor control and operation by Accelerometer, Gyro, Ultrasonic and PSD sensor, Androx Studio; brushless ILM 70×10 Robo Drive DC motor; sensor-actuator units of ARMAR-4; SD-25-160-2A-GR-BB Harmonic Drive reduction gear unit high gear ratio of 160: 1; structural parts (white) are made out of high-strength aluminium, Hollow shaft with strain gauges for torque sensing, motor's magnetic incremental encoder (AMS5306), digital buses (SPI or 12C); Motor interface PCB includes a 13-Bit temperature-to-digital converter with a temperature range from -40°C to 125°C (Analog Devices ADT7302)	3, 4, 5

S.No. No.	Name of Equipment,	Broad	Relevant Experiment/
	Tools and Software	Specifications	Practical Number
6.	6-axis Robotics Trainer	Programmable robotic arm with an interactive front panel. Software to demonstrates functioning of the trainer as well as allows a user to develop their own programs. NV330; 8 bit microcontroller to ARM processors; Record and Play capability; Optional interfacing with PLC; Touch operated ON/OFF switch; Auto set to home position; Applications can be developed; Data acquisition using USB	3, 4, 5
7.	Robotic Drive System	AC servo motor; DC servo motors, Stepper motors; DC tachometers, etc.	1,3,5,6,7,10
8.	Robot simulator for Robotics	Educational networking licensed Robotic system with simulation software	8, 10
9.	Assorted sensors	Optical encoders, Acoustic sensors ,IR, Potentiometer, RTD, Thermistor, strain gauge, piezoelectric, etc	4
10.	Vision equipment	Camera, Imaging Components: Point, Line, Planar and Volume Sensors	1, 4,10

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Suggested Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with
No.			ISBN
1.	Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and	John Craig	Pearson Education ;
	Control		978-9356062191
2.	Industrial Robotics -Technology,	Nicholas Odrey Mitchell Weiss,	McGraw Hill Education; 2nd
	Programming and Applications	Mikell Groover Roger Nagel,	Edition; 978 -1259006210
		Ashish Dutta	
3.	Robotic engineering : an integrated	Richard D. Klafter, Thomas A.	Prentice Hall of India, N.Delhi
	approach	Thomas A. Chmielewski, Michael	,
		Negin	978-8120308428
4.	Industrial Robotics Technology,	Mikell P. Groover, Mitchell	McGraw-Hill Education ,
	Programming and Applications	Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Nicholas	Second Edition, 978-
		G. Odrey	1259006210
5.	Robotics	Appuu Kuttan K. K.	Dreamtech Press, First
			Edition, 2020, 978-
			9389583281
6.	Introduction to Robotics: Analysis,	Saeed B.Niku	Wiley; Second Edition,
	Control, Applications		978-8126533121
7.	Essentials of Robotics Process	S. Muhkerjee	Khanna Publication, First
	Automation		edition, 978-9386173751
8.	Robotics	R R Ghorpade , M M Bhoomkar	Nirali Prakashan
			978-9388897020

(b) Suggested Open Educational Resources (OER):

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105249/
- $2. \quad https://openlearning.mit.edu/mit-faculty/residential-digital-innovations/task-centered-learning-intro-eecs-robotics$

- 3. http://www.mtabindia.com/
- 4. http://www.robotics.org/
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Industrial_robot
- 6. http://www.servodatabase.com
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fH4VwTgfyrQ
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aW_BM_S0z4k
- 9. https://uk.rs-online.com/web/generalDisplay.html?id=ideas-and-advice/robotic-parts-guide
- 10. https://www.automate.org/industry-insights/smarter-robot-grasping-with-sensors-software-the-cloud
- 11. https://www.iqsdirectory.com/articles/machine-vision-system.html

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons licence status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others: (If any)

1. Learning Packages

- https://www.edx.org/learn/robotics
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=robotics
- https://www.udemy.com/topic/robotics/
- https://library.e.abb.com/public/9a0dacfdec8aa03dc12578ca003bfd2a/Learn%20with%20ABB.%20 Robotic%20package%20for%20education.pdf

2. Users' Guide

- https://roboindia.com/store/DIY-do-it-your-self-educational-kits-robotics-embedded-systemelectronics
- https://www.robomart.com/diy-robotic-kits
- https://www.scientechworld.com/robotics

3. Lab Manuals

- http://www-cvr.ai.uiuc.edu/Teaching/ece470/docs/ROS LabManual.pdf
- https://www.jnec.org/labmanuals/mech/be/sem1/Final%20Year%20B.Tech-ROBOTICS%20LAB%20%20MANUAL.pdf

Computer Hardware & Networking Lab

SUBJECT Practical				No. of period in one session:			Credits
	No. of Periods per			Full Marks:	:	25	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	01
2018506	-	-	02	External (ESE)	:	18	

Course Learning Objective:

Platform Used (In case of Software & Hardware):

- 1. Client Machines (Computers with windows / Linux and latest configuration) with Printer: Laser jet.
- 2. Network Tool kit: clamping, crimping tool, network tester, line tester.
- 3.Network Accessories: RJ 45, UTP cable, T connector, Optical Fiber, Coaxial Cable, Modem, various connectors, 1000Mbps NIC.
- 4.UPS system 6KVA online.
- 6. Router, Repeater, Bridges: Latest configuration.
- 7. Computer Hub 8/16 node with console port.
- 8. Modem Latest configuration.
- 9.Ethernet Switch 4/8/16/24/32.
- 10.LAN Cable (CAT6, CAT5). Coaxial Cable, UTP Cable, STP Cable, Fiber Optic Cable.
- 11. Firewall with high security and high storage.
- 12.MS office latest version.
- 11. Antivirus Software (online protection with firewall securities).
- 12.RS 232 cable and connector.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Maintain wired computer network topologies.
- 2. Use the relevant network model for the specified data communication system.
- 3. Maintain relevant transmission medium and modem for data transmission.
- 4. Analyze error detection/correction and flow control of data in the data network.
- 5. Configure the network component and assign IP address.

	CONTENTS : Practical	Hrs.	Marks
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Identify motherboard components	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	RAM identification, removal, installation.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	CMOS setup.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Print a summary of your system Hardware.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Upgrading memory.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Hard drive, optical drive installation.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	How to recover lost data on hard drive.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Trouble shooting keyboard ,monitor, printer- a) few keys do not work. b) keyboard does not work at all. c) key continuous to repeat after being released. d) key produces wrong character. e) Power light (led) does not go on, no picture. f) Power LED light is on no picture power up . g) Power on but monitor display wrong character.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 09</u>	Printer Problems 9.1 laser printer: a) Printer never leaves warm-up mode. b) Paper Jam message is displayed	[04]	

	 c) Printed messages are distorted 9.2 DMP a) Print head moves back and forth but nothing prints. b) Print self test works but printing from a computer application does not work etc., 		
<u>UNIT – 10</u>	Installation of operating system	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 11</u>	Installation of Network card.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 12</u>	Preparing the UTP cable for cross and direct connections using crimping tool.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 13</u>	Installation of a switch and connecting systems to a network switch.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 14</u>	Installation of a modem (internal, external or USB) and connecting to internet.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 15</u>	Using FTP for uploading and downloading files.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 16</u>	Installation and configuring the proxy server for internet access.	[03]	

Books Recommended

Text Books

- 4. Data Communication and Networking, First Edition, 1999 B. Forouzan Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Data and Communication, Sixth Edition, 2002 W. Stallings Prentice Hall of India
- 6. Wireless and Mobile Network Architecture, 2001 Lin and Chlatmtac John Wile and Sons, India

Reference Books

- 6. Computer Networks, Fourth Edition, 2002 A.S. Tanenbaum Pearson Education
- 7. Communication Networks, First Edition, 2000 A. Leon-Gracia and I Widjaja Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. An Engineering Approach to Computer S. Keshav Addison Wesley
- Understanding Data Communication and William A. Shay Brook Cole Publishing Company
 Networks, Second Edition, 1999
- 10. Local Area Networks, 1997 C.E. Keiser Tata McGraw Hill

Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA Lab

SUBJECT Practical				No. of period in one session:			Credits
	No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	25	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	02
2018507A	-	-	04	External (ESE)	:	18	

Course Objective:

- 1. To learn the basic syntax and semantics of the Java language and programming environment.
- 2. To understand the concepts of classes and objects
- 3. To be able to implement decisions using if statements
- 4. To be able to program loops with while, for and do statements
- 5. To understand and learn the concepts of exception handling, multithreading and file handling.
- 6. Develop small software applications using JAVA Programing

	CONTENTS : Practical					
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Write programs using Java built-in functions using all data types.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Write programs using conditional statements and loop statements.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Write a program to read data from keyboard.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Write a program to create class and objects.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Write programs using constructors.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Write a program to illustrate usage of command line arguments.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	Write programs using concept of overloading methods.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Exercise on inheritance.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 09</u>	Write a program using the concept of method overriding.	[04]				
<u>UNIT – 10</u>	Exercise on importing packages.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 11</u>	Exercise on interfaces.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 12</u>	Exercise on exception handling.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 13</u>	Exercise on multithreading and thread priorities.	[03]				
<u>UNIT – 14</u>	Exercise on database connectivity using JDBC.	[04]				

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Herbert. Schildt, "The Complete Reference –Java", 10th edition, McGraw Hill Publication.
- 2. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java A primer", 4th edition, McGraw Hill publication.
- 3. Head First Java Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates
- 4. Core Java An Integrated Approach (Black Book) Dr. R. Nageswara Rao

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH C++ Lab

SUBJECT	SURIECT Practical				No. of period in one session: 40		
CODE:	No. of Periods per Week			Full Marks:	:	25	
	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	02
2018507B	=	-	04	External (ESE)	:	18	

Course Learning Objective

The learning objectives of this course are:

- To understand how C++ improves C with object-oriented features.
- To learn how to write inline functions for efficiency and performance.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C++ programming language.
- To learn how to design C++ classes for code reuse.
- To learn how to implement copy constructors and class member functions.
- To understand the concept of data abstraction and encapsulation.
- To learn how to overload functions and operators in C++.
- To learn how containment and inheritance promote code reuse in C++.
- To learn how inheritance and virtual functions implement dynamic binding with polymorphism.
- To learn how to design and implement generic classes with C++ templates.
- To learn how to use exception handling in C++ programs.

	CONTENTS: Theory					
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Programming exercise on executing a Basic C++ Program.	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Programming Exercise on Control Statement (if-else, elseif ladder)	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Programming exercise on loop Control Statement (for, while, do-while)	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Programming exercise on Function.	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Programming exercise on creating classes and their object.	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Programming exercise to demonstrated constructor and destructor.	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	Programming exercise on operator overloading.	[05]				
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Programming exercise to illustrate concept of Inheritence.	[05]				

Books Recommended:

Text Books

- 1. C++ Primer, Third Edition, 1998 Stanley B. Lippman, Addison-Wesely
- 2. Problem Solving with C++, Second Edition, 1999 W. Savitch Pearson Education
- 3. Object Oriented Programming with C++, 1999 E. Balagurusamy Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Object Oriented Programming with C++, 1999 Nabajyoti Barkakati PHI
- 5. Object Oriented Programming in C++, Fourth Edition, 2001 R. Lafore Techmedia
- 6. The Elements of C++ Programming, Third Edition, 2000 B. Stroustrup Addison Wesely
- 7. Mastering C++, First Edition, 1997 K.V. Venugopal, R. Kumar and T. Tavishankar, Tata McGraw Hill

.NET WITH 'C#' Lab

SUBJECT	SUBJECT Practical			No. of period in or	Credits		
	No.	of Period	ls per Week	Full Marks:	:	25	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	02
2018507C	-	-	04	External (ESE)	:	18	

Course Learning Objective

On completion of the study of the subject the student should be able to comprehend the following

	CONTENTS: Theory	Hrs / Week	Marks
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Exercise on all basic controls in designing forms.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Design a calculator using appropriate commands.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Exercise on menus at design time and run time.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Exercise on modifying and deleting menu items.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Develop a project using arrays and control statements.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Develop a project using recursive concept.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	Exercise on Line and Shape Controls.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Exercise on console application which accept two argument from the user and returns four output values as sum, difference, product and quotient of those two arguments.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 09</u>	Develop a calculator windows application.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 10</u>	Exercise on web forms using appropriate control elements.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 11</u>	Design a student details web form.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 12</u>	Exercise on web forms using images, hyperlinks.	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 13</u>	Exercise on data accessing in ADO.NET with multiple tables.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 14</u>	Develop a student web application, connect to database. a) Retrieve student details and display in web form. b) Retrieve student marks, calculate percentage display the result in tabular form.	[04]	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 5. Programming in C#: A Primer||,Balaguruswamy, McGraw-Hill.
- 6. C# A Beginner's Guide, Herbert Schildt, McGraw-Hill.
- 7. Learning C#||,Jesse Liberty and Brian MacDonald, O'Reilly
- 8. Pro C# and the .NET Framework|, Andrew Troelsen, Apress
- 9. Mastering Visual C# .NET|, Jason Price&Mike Gunderloy, Publisher: Wiley

System Administration Lab

SUBJECT	Practical			No. of period in or	Credits		
CODE:	No.	No. of Periods per Week		Full Marks:	:	50	
	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	02
2018508A	-	-	04	External (ESE)	:	30	

Course Learning Objective:

On completion of the study of the subject the student should be able to comprehend the following.

The course is designed to provide complete knowledge of Windows Server OS.

Learning Outcomes:

After the completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge about System Administration or Windows Administration.

	CONTENTS : Practical	Hrs.	Marks
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Installing Linux/Windows-2008 server.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Practice on Linux commands.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Creating and managing user accounts in LINUX/Windows-2008 server.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Write and execute at shell programs in Linux using numbers.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Write and execute at shell programs in Linux using strings.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Write and execute at shell programs in Linux using arrays.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	Lower case to upper case, string length, concatenating strings.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Installation of device drivers in LINUX/Windows-2008 server.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 09</u>	Configuration of DHCP in LINUX/Windows-2008 server.	[05]	
<u>UNIT – 10</u>	Configuration of DNS in LINUX/Windows-2008 server.	[05]	

Reference Books

- 1. Teach Yourself MCS TCP/IPI, James F. Causey, Techmedia
- 2. Introduction to UNIX and LINUX —, John Muster, TMH Pubs
- 3. Linux Administration : a Beginner's Guide", Wale Soyinka, McGraw Hill.

Multimedia Technology Lab.

SUBJECT		Pract	tical	No. of period in or	Credits		
	No.	No. of Periods per Week		Full Marks:	:	50	
CODE:	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	02
2018508B	-	-	04	External (ESE)	:	30	

Course Objective: Creation of Web page using Integrated Development Environments.

	CONTENTS : Practical	Hrs.	Marks
<u>UNIT – 01</u>	Create web page using structure tags to display sample message	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 02</u>	Create a web page for displaying a paragraph using block level tags, HR tags	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 03</u>	Create a web page for implementing different types of Lists	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 04</u>	Create a web page to link- a) A different web page of same site. b) A different location on the same web page c) A specific location on different web page of same site.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 05</u>	Insert images on web page using various attributes	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 06</u>	Create a web page to implement Frame tags, Tables tags	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 07</u>	Create a web page for demonstration of CSS by applying V 06* Internal/External/ Inline style	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 08</u>	Install a web server and publish a website on Intranet and publish it on internet.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 09</u>	Design a Visiting Card containing at least one graphic and text information	[03]	
<u>UNIT – 10</u>	You are given a picture of a garden as background. Extract the image of a butterfly from another picture and organize it on the background.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 11</u>	Shape Distortion: Create a square and gradually convert it into a circle	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 12</u>	Spotlight: Create a text on one layer; format the text with suitable size, color and style. With the help of another layer, position a spotlight on the text and move the spotlight from left to right.	[04]	
<u>UNIT – 13</u>	"Simulation of a Raindrop: In the first layer, draw a raindrop that falls on the ground. Show the splash effect, when it touches the ground on another layer."	[04]	

Reference Book:

- 1. HTML 5 Black DT Editorial Dreamtech Publication, New Delhi, Book(second edition)
- 2. Learning Web Design Robbins O'Reilly, London, 2012
- 3. Teach Yourself HTML SAMS Pearson Education Publication, New & CSS in 24 Hours Delhi, 2015, ISBN: 978- 672336140
- 4. Comdex Multimedia and Web Design Course Kit, DreamTech, Vikas Gupta, ISBN 13: 788177229196
- 5. Project Flash MX by Nat Gertler, Thomson Delmar Learning Publication
- 6. Practical Photoshop® CS6, Level 1 by Barbara Zukin Heiman, Donald Laird, Corrine Haverinen, Windsor Green, & Marilyn P. Kelly Practical Photoshop.

SUMMER INTERNSHIP (6 WEEKS) AFTER IV SEMESTER

Subject Code		Term Work	No of Period in one	Credits			
2018509	No.	of Periods Per V	Week	Full Marks	:	50	
2010207	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	15	02
	_	_	4 week	External (ESE)	:	35	

MINOR PROJECT

Subject Code	Term Work			No of Period in one	n:	Credits	
2018510	No. o	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	50	
2010210	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	15	02
	_	_	04	External (ESE)	:	35	

TERM WORK COURSE UNDER COE / MOOCS / NPTEL / OTHERS

Subject Code		Term V	No of Period in one	Credits			
2000511 / 2018511	No. o	. of Periods Per Week		Full Marks	:	50	
2000211 / 2010211	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	01
	_	_	02	External (ESE)	:	30	